

Bird species' status and trends reporting format for the period 2008-2012 (Annex 2)

1. Species Information

1.1 Member State	Hungary
1.2.2 Natura 2000 code	A043
1.3 Species name	Anser anser
1.3.1 Sub-specific population	
1.4 Alternative species name	
1.5 Common name	nyári lúd
1.6 Season	Winter (W)

2. Population size

2.1 Year or period	2011-2012
2.2 Population size	a)unit number of individuals (i) b)minimum 20000 c)maximum 45000
2.3 Type of estimate	The best available single figure or range (Best estimate)
2.4 Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
2.5 Quality	Good (3)
2.6 Sources	Faragó, S. (2012): Results of Geese Monitoring in Hungary in the season 2011/2012. Hungarian Waterfowl Publications 22: 11-50.

2.8 Additional information

3. Population trend

3.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

3.1.1 Period	2000-2012
3.1.2 Trend direction	Fluctuating (F)
3.1.3 Magnitude	a)Min b)Max
3.1.4 Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
3.1.5 Quality	Good (3)
3.1.6 Sources	Faragó, S. (2012): Results of Geese Monitoring in Hungary in the season 2011/2012. Hungarian Waterfowl Publications 22: 11-50. Faragó, S. & Gosztonyi, L. (2009): Population Trend, Phenology and Dispersion of Common Waterfowl Species in Hungary Based on a Ten Year Long Time Series of the Hungarian Waterfowl Monitoring. Acta Silv. Lign. Hung., Vol. 5: 83-107.

3.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

3.2.1 Period	1985-2012
3.2.2 Trend direction	Increase (+)
3.2.3 Magnitude	a)Min 400 b)Max 800
3.2.4 Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
3.2.5 Quality	Good (3)
3.2.6 Sources	Faragó, S. (2012): Results of Geese Monitoring in Hungary in the season 2011/2012. Hungarian Waterfowl Publications 22: 11-50. Faragó, S. & Gosztonyi, L. (2009): Population Trend, Phenology and Dispersion of Common Waterfowl Species in Hungary Based on a Ten Year Long Time Series of the Hungarian Waterfowl Monitoring. Acta Silv. Lign. Hung., Vol. 5: 83-107.

3.3 Additional information

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4. Breeding distribution map and range size

4.1 Year or period	
4.2 Sensitive species	No
4.3 Distribution map	No
4.4 Additional distribution map	No
4.5 Range map	No
4.6 Range surface area	
4.7 Method used	N/A
4.8 Quality	N/A
4.9 Sources	
4.11 Additional information	

5. Breeding range trend

5.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

5.1.1 Period		
5.1.2 Trend direction	N/A	
5.1.3 Magnitude	a)Min	b)Max
5.1.4 Method used	N/A	
5.1.5 Quality	N/A	
5.1.6 Sources		

5.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

5.2.1 Period		
5.2.2 Trend direction	N/A	
5.2.3 Magnitude	a)Min	b)Max
5.2.4 Method used	N/A	
5.2.5 Quality	N/A	
5.2.6 Sources		
5.3 Additional information		

6. Progress in work related to international Species Action Plans (SAPs), Management Plans (MPs) and Brief Management Statements (BMSs)

6.1 Type of plan	No Plan (NA)
6.2 National plan adopted?	N/A
6.3 Measures linked to SAP/MP/BMS	
6.4 Further Information	

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7. Main pressures and threats

Pressure	impact	quality	location	sources
modification of cultivation practices (A02)	medium importance (M)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
mowing / cutting of grassland (A03)	low importance (L)	Good (3)	Inside the Member State (4)	Kovács, G. – Ecsedi, Z. (2004): Nyári lúd In: Ecsedi Z. (szerk.) (2004): A Hortobágy madárvilága. Hortobágy Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Winter fair, Balmazújváros – Szeged. 2004.
intensive fish farming, intensification (F01.01)	low importance (L)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
trapping, poisoning, poaching (F03.02.03)	low importance (L)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
Hunting (F03.01)	medium importance (M)	Good (3)	Inside the Member State (4)	Kovács, G. – Ecsedi, Z. (2004): Nyári lúd In: Ecsedi Z. (szerk.) (2004): A Hortobágy madárvilága. Hortobágy Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Winter fair, Balmazújváros – Szeged. 2004.
Other human intrusions and disturbances (G05)	medium importance (M)	Good (3)	Inside the Member State (4)	Kovács, G. – Ecsedi, Z. (2004): Nyári lúd In: Ecsedi Z. (szerk.) (2004): A Hortobágy madárvilága. Hortobágy Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Winter fair, Balmazújváros – Szeged. 2004.
Pollution to surface waters (limnic & terrestrial, marine & brackish) (H01)	low importance (L)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
invasive non-native species (I01)	low importance (L)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
fire and fire suppression (J01)	low importance (L)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
large scale water deviation (J02.03.01)	high importance (H)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés

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predation (K03.04)	medium importance (M)	Good (3)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) (M01.01)	medium importance (M)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés
droughts and less precipitations (M01.02)	high importance (H)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés

8. SPA coverage and conservation measures

8.1 Population inside the SPA network

8.1.1 Population size a)unit number of individuals (i) b)minimum 15000 c)maximum 30000

8.1.2 Method used Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)

8.1.3 Short-term trend of population Increase (+)

8.2 Conservation Measures

8.2.1 Measure	8.2.2 Type	8.2.3 Ranking	8.2.4 Location	8.2.5 Broad Evaluation
Maintaining grasslands and other open habitats (2.1)	Administrative Recurrent	high importance (H)	Both	Maintain
Other wetland-related measures (4.0)	Administrative Recurrent	high importance (H)	Both	Maintain
Restoring/improving the hydrological regime (4.2)	Contractual One-off	high importance (H)	Inside	Maintain
Establish protected areas/sites (6.1)	Legal One-off	high importance (H)	Inside	Maintain
Regulation/ Management of hunting and taking (7.1)	Administrative Recurrent	high importance (H)	Inside	Maintain
Regulation/ Management of fishery in limnic systems (7.2)	Administrative Recurrent	low importance (L)	Inside	Maintain
Specific management of traffic and energy transport systems (8.2)	Administrative Recurrent	medium importance (M)	Inside	Maintain