

# Bird species' status and trends reporting format for the period 2008-2012 (Annex 2)

## 1. Species Information

- 1.1 Member State  
1.2.2 Natura 2000 code  
1.3 Species name  
1.3.1 Sub-specific population  
1.4 Alternative species name  
1.5 Common name  
1.6 Season

Hungary  
A249  
*Riparia riparia*

partifecske  
Breeding (B)

## 2. Population size

- 2.1 Year or period  
2.2 Population size  
2.3 Type of estimate  
2.4 Method used  
2.5 Quality  
2.6 Sources  
2.8 Additional information

2012-2012  
a)unit number of pairs (p) b)minimum 15000 c)maximum 50000  
Estimate derived from sample survey (95% CI range)  
Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)  
Moderate (2)  
Breeding bird (MME RTM) database.

## 3. Population trend

### 3.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

- 3.1.1 Period  
3.1.2 Trend direction  
3.1.3 Magnitude  
3.1.4 Method used  
3.1.5 Quality  
3.1.6 Sources

2000-2012  
Decrease (-)  
a)Min 58 b)Max 65  
Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)  
Moderate (2)  
Breeding bird (MME RTM) database.

### 3.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

- 3.2.1 Period  
3.2.2 Trend direction  
3.2.3 Magnitude  
3.2.4 Method used  
3.2.5 Quality  
3.2.6 Sources

1990-2012  
Decrease (-)  
a)Min 30 b)Max 70  
Estimate based on expert opinion with no or minimal sampling (1)  
Moderate (2)  
Magyar, G., Hadarics, T., Waliczky, Z., Schmidt, A., Nagy, T. & Bankovics, A. (1998): Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. KTM Természetvédelmi Hivatal Madártani Intézete – Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület – Winter Fair, Budapest – Szeged. p. 202.

### 3.3 Additional information

## 4. Breeding distribution map and range size

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4.1 Year or period	2000-2012
4.2 Sensitive species	No
4.3 Distribution map	Yes
4.4 Additional distribution map	No
4.5 Range map	Yes
4.6 Range surface area	34312
4.7 Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
4.8 Quality	Good (3)
4.9 Sources	Breeding bird (MME RTM) database.
4.11 Additional information	The distribution and range map made by using breeding probability data.

## 5. Breeding range trend

### 5.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

5.1.1 Period	2000-2012
5.1.2 Trend direction	Decrease (-)
5.1.3 Magnitude	a)Min 31,9      b)Max 60,9
5.1.4 Method used	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)
5.1.5 Quality	Moderate (2)
5.1.6 Sources	Calculation based on surveys carried out in 2000 and 2012 in 2.5 x 2.5 square km quadrates.

### 5.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

5.2.1 Period	1980-2012
5.2.2 Trend direction	Unknown (x)
5.2.3 Magnitude	a)Min                  b)Max
5.2.4 Method used	Absent data (0)
5.2.5 Quality	Poor (1)
5.2.6 Sources	
5.3 Additional information	

## 6. Progress in work related to international Species Action Plans (SAPs), Management Plans (MPs) and Brief Management Statements (BMSs)

6.1 Type of plan	No Plan (NA)
6.2 National plan adopted?	False
6.3 Measures linked to SAP/MP/BMS	
6.4 Further Information	

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## 7. Main pressures and threats

Pressure	impact	quality	location	sources
use of biocides, hormones and chemicals (A07)	low importance (L)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State	szakértői becslés
Sand and gravel extraction (C01.01)	low importance (L)	Good (3)	Inside the Member State	Szép, T. (1998): Parti fecske (1998): Magyarország madarai. Mezőgazda Kiadó Budapest.
pole fishing (F02.03.02)	low importance (L)	Moderate (2)	Inside the Member State	Szép, T. (1998): Parti fecske (1998): Magyarország madarai. Mezőgazda Kiadó Budapest.
Pollution to surface waters (limnic & terrestrial, marine & brackish) (H01)	medium importance (M)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State	szakértői becslés
flooding (J02.04.01)	medium importance (M)	Moderate (2)	Inside the Member State	szakértői becslés
Modification of hydrographic functioning, general (J02.05)	high importance (H)	Moderate (2)	Inside the Member State	szakértői becslés
flooding and rising precipitations (M01.03)	medium importance (M)	Moderate (2)	Inside the Member State	szakértői becslés

## 8. SPA coverage and conservation measures

### 8.1 Population inside the SPA network

8.1.1 Population size	a)unit	number of pairs	b)minimum	4300	c)maximum	8500
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8.1.2 Method used

Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

8.1.3 Short-term trend of population

Decrease (-)

### 8.2 Conservation Measures

8.2.1 Measure	8.2.2 Type	8.2.3 Ranking	8.2.4 Location	8.2.5 Broad Evaluation
Restoring/improving water quality (4.1)	Contractual One-off	high importance (H)	Both	Maintain
Restoring/improving the hydrological regime (4.2)	Contractual One-off	high importance (H)	Inside	Enhance
Establish protected areas/sites (6.1)	Legal One-off	high importance (H)	Inside	Maintain
Legal protection of habitats and species (6.3)	Legal One-off	high importance (H)	Both	Maintain

Térképmelléklet a madárvédelmi irányelv 12. cikke alapján készített országjelentéshez  
2013.

partifecske (*Riparia riparia*)

jelölő faj (egyéb)

