NATIONAL LEVEL					
1. General information					
1.1 Member State	ни				
1.2 Species code	4056				
1.3 Species scientific name	Anisus vorticulus				
1.4 Alternative species scientific name					
1.5 Common name (in national language) apró fillércsiga					
2. Maps					
2.1 Sensitive species	No				
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018				
2.3 Distribution map	Yes				
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data				
2.5 Additional maps	No				
3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)					
3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No				

3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken?

a) regulations regarding access to property	No
b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	No
c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No
d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No
h) other measures	No

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3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period						
	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/	
	year 1	year 2	year 3	year 4	year 5	year 6	
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)							
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)							
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No	

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

4.2 Sources of information

Pannonian (PAN)

Nemzeti Biodiverzitás-monitorozó Rendszer 2013-2018 közt végzett felméréseinek jelentései

Natura 2000 fenntartási tervek megalapozó adatgyűjtése

Pál-Gergely, Barna (2016): A 2014-es Biodiverzitás Napok alatt Hegymagas mellett (Veszprém megye) gyűjtött csigák (Gastropoda) - Folia Musei historiconaturalis Bakonyiensis 33., 55-61

Deli Tamás - Danyik Tibor (szerk.) (2015): A Körös-Maros Nemzeti Park természeti értékei II. A Körös-Maros nemzeti Park Állatvilága - Gerinctelenek - KMNPI

5. Range

5.1 Surface area 153

15136

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Uncertain (u)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Area (km²)

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b) Operator Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown

d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

5.12 Additional information

6. Population

6.1 Year or period 2013-2018

6.2 Population size (in reporting unit) a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value 240

6.3 Type of estimate Minimum

6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)

a) Unit

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value

6.5 Type of estimate

6.6 Population size Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

6.7 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018

6.8 Short-term trend Direction Uncertain (u)

6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum

c) Confidence interval

6.10 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

6.11 Long-term trend Period

6.12 Long-term trend Direction

6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum

b) Maximum

c) Confidence interval

6.14 Long-term trend Method used

6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)

a) Population size

b) Operator

Approximately equal to (\approx)

c) Unknown

d) Method

6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method

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The change is mainly due to: Use of different method

6.17 Additional information

7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

Yes

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Uncertain (u)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (IO2)	M
Drainage (K02)	Н
Physical alteration of water bodies (K05)	M
Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (LO1)	Н
Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	M
Agricultural activities generating diffuse pollution to surface or ground waters (A26)	M
Threat	Ranking
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (IO2)	M
Drainage (K02)	Н
Physical alteration of water bodies (K05)	M
Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (L01)	Н
Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	Н

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Agricultural activities generating diffuse pollution to surface M or ground waters (A26)

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures

a) Are measures needed? Yes

b) Indicate the status of measures Measures identified and taken

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

Maintain the current range, population and/or habitat for the species

9.3 Location of the measures taken

Only inside Natura 2000

9.4 Response to the measures

Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)

9.5 List of main conservation measures

Reduce impact of multi-purpose hydrological changes (CJ02)

Restore habitats impacted by multi-purpose hydrological changes (CJ03)

Reduce diffuse pollution to surface or ground waters from agricultural activities (CA11)

Manage drainage and irrigation operations and infrastructures in agriculture (CA15)

Management, control or eradication of other invasive alien species (ClO3)

Management of habitats (others than agriculture and forest) to slow, stop or reverse natural processes (CL01)

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters

a) Range

Poor

b) Population

Poor

c) Habitat of the species

Poor

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range

Favourable (FV)

11.2. Population

Favourable (FV)

11.3. Habitat for the species

Favourable (FV)

11.4. Future prospects

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation

Unknown (x)

Status

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11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

a) Unit

number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value 217

12.2 Type of estimate

network Method used

12.3 Population size inside the

Minimum

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

Uncertain (u)

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.6 Additional information

13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

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Az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke alapján készített országjelentés 2019 Apró fillércsiga (Ânisus vorticulus) II. és IV. melléklet Jelmagyarázat Előfordulás (Distribution) Forrás: Agrárminisztérium, 50 Kilometers Természetmegőrzési Főosztály