NATIONAL LEVEL		
1. General information		
1.1 Member State	HU	
1.2 Species code	4013	
1.3 Species scientific name	Carabus hungaricus	
1.4 Alternative species scientific name		
1.5 Common name (in national language)	magyar futrinka	

## 2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
2.5 Additional maps	No

## 3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
3.2 Which of the measures in Art.	a) regulations regarding access to property	No
14 have been taken?	<ul> <li>b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation</li> </ul>	No
	<ul><li>c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens</li></ul>	No
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	<ul> <li>e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas</li> </ul>	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No
	h) other measures	No

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

2		l n	14
d l			
~	,		

<ul><li>b) Statistics/ quantity taken</li></ul>	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

### **BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL**

### 4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs	Pannonian (PAN)
4.2 Sources of information	Ködöböcz V. (2018): Újabb adatok Magyarország futóbogár faunájához (Coleoptera: Carabidae), 2011-2018 – Folia Hist. Nat. Mus. Matr. 42: 83-140. Ködöböcz V., Hegyessy G. (2017): A sátoraljaújhelyi Kazinczy Ferenc Múzeum futóbogár gyűjteménye (Coleoptera: Carabidae) – Folia Hist. Nat. Mus. Matr. 41:
	79-154. Szél Gy., Kovács P., Kutasi Cs. (2015): A kisalföldi meszes homokpuszta katonai használatú gyepterületeinek bogárfaunája. – In: Takács G. és Szinetár Cs. (szerk): Rence 1. A kisalföldi meszes homokpuszta katonai használatú területeinek élővilága. Sarród. pp. 283-306.
	A Nemezeti Biodiverzitás monitorozó rendszer 2013-2018 között végzett felméréseinek jelentései.
	Natura 2000 fenntartási tervek megalapozó adatgyűjtése
	Elek Zoltán, Drag Lukas, Pokluda Pavel, Cizek Lukas, Bérces Sándor 2014 Dispersal of individuals of the flightless grassland ground beetle, Carabus hungaricus (Coleoptera: Carabidae), in three populations and what they tell us about mobility estimates based on mark-recapture. European Journal of Entomology 111:(5) pp. 663-668.
5. Range	

5.1 Surface area	7396		
5.2 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018		
5.3 Short-term trend Direction	Stable (0)		
5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum		b) Maximum
5.5 Short-term trend Method used	Complete survey o	r a statistica	ally robust estimate
5.6 Long-term trend Period			
5.7 Long-term trend Direction			
5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum		b) Maximum
5.9 Long-term trend Method used			
5.10 Favourable reference range	a) Area (km²)		
	b) Operator	Approxi	mately equal to (≈)
	c) Unknown		
	d) Method		
5.11 Change and reason for change	Improved knowledge/more accurate data		
in surface area of range	The change is main	ly due to:	Improved knowledge/more accurate data

### 5.12 Additional information

## 6. Population

6.1 Year or period	2013-2018
6.2 Population size (in reporting unit)	a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1) b) Minimum c) Maximum d) Best single value 243
6.3 Type of estimate	Minimum
6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)	a) Unit b) Minimum c) Maximum d) Best single value
6.5 Type of estimate	
6.6 Population size Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
6.7 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018
6.8 Short-term trend Direction	Stable (0)
6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval
6.10 Short-term trend Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
6.11 Long-term trend Period	
6.12 Long-term trend Direction	

6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval	
6.14 Long-term trend Method used		
6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)	a) Population size b) Operator Approximately equal to (≈) c) Unknown d) Method	
6.16 Change and reason for change in population size	Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method	
	The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data	

#### 6.17 Additional information

7. Habitat for the species		
7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat	a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?	Yes
	b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?	
7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate	
7.3 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018	
7.4 Short-term trend Direction	Stable (0)	
7.5 Short-term trend Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate	
7.6 Long-term trend Period		
7.7 Long-term trend Direction		
7.8 Long-term trend Method used		

7.9 Additional information

## 8. Main pressures and threats

### 8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Conversion from one type of agricultural land use to another (excluding drainage and burning) (A02)	Н
Abandonment of grassland management (e.g. cessation of grazing or mowing) (A06)	Н
Intensive grazing or overgrazing by livestock (A09)	Н
Conversion to forest from other land uses, or afforestation (excluding drainage) (B01)	Μ
Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g. bridges, viaducts, tunnels) (E01)	Μ

Invasive alien species of Union concern (I01)	M
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (I02)	Μ
Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (L02)	Μ
Sports, tourism and leisure activities (F07)	Μ
Threat	Ranking
Conversion from one type of agricultural land use to another (excluding drainage and burning) (A02)	Н
Abandonment of grassland management (e.g. cessation of grazing or mowing) (A06)	Н
Intensive grazing or overgrazing by livestock (A09)	н
Conversion to forest from other land uses, or afforestation (excluding drainage) (B01)	Μ
Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g. bridges, viaducts, tunnels) (E01)	Μ
Invasive alien species of Union concern (I01)	M
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (I02)	Μ
Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (L02)	Μ
Sports, tourism and leisure activities (F07)	M
8.2 Sources of information	

8.3 Additional information

### 9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures	a) Are measures needed?	Yes
	b) Indicate the status of measures	Measures identified and taken
9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken	Maintain the current range, populat	tion and/or habitat for the species
9.3 Location of the measures taken	Only inside Natura 2000	
9.4 Response to the measures	Medium-term results (within the ne	ext two reporting periods, 2019-2030)
9.5 List of main conservation measures		

Reinstate appropriate agricultural practices to address abandonment, including mowing, grazing, burning or equivalent measures (CA04)

Adapt mowing, grazing and other equivalent agricultural activities (CA05)

Prevent conversion of (semi-) natural habitats into forests and of (semi-)natural forests into intensive forest plantation (CB01)

Management, control or eradication of other invasive alien species (CI03)

Management of habitats (others than agriculture and forest) to slow, stop or reverse natural processes (CL01)

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects		
10.1 Future prospects of parameters	a) Range b) Population c) Habitat of the species	Good Good Unknown
10.2 Additional information		
11. Conclusions		
11.1. Range 11.2. Population	Favourable (FV) Favourable (FV)	
11.3. Habitat for the species 11.4. Future prospects	Favourable (FV) Favourable (FV)	
11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status	Favourable (FV)	
11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status	Stable (=)	
11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend	a) Overall assessment of No change The change is mainly due	
	<ul> <li>b) Overall trend in conse</li> <li>Improved knowledge/mo</li> <li>Use of different method</li> <li>The change is mainly due</li> </ul>	pre accurate data

#### 11.8 Additional information

### 12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)	a) Unitnumber of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)b) Minimumc) Maximumd) Best single value93
12.2 Type of estimate	Minimum
12.3 Population size inside the network Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction	Stable (0)

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

12.6 Additional information

## **13. Complementary information**

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

