NATIONAL LEVEL			
1. General information			
1.1 Member State	ни		
1.2 Species code	1361		
1.3 Species scientific name	Lynx lynx		
1.4 Alternative species scientific name			
1.5 Common name (in national language)	(eurázsiai) hiúz		
2 Mans			

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
2.5 Additional maps	No

3. Information related to	Annex V Species (Art. 14)	
3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken?	a) regulations regarding access to propertyb) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No

h) other measures

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No

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken		statistics/c ere seaso			-	
	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/
	year 1	year 2	year 3	year 4	year 5	year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

4.2 Sources of information

Pannonian (PAN)

Fehér P., Frank K., Szepesi K., Heltai B., Barta E., Újváry D., Gombkötő P., Szemethy L. & Stéger V. (2017): A hazai macskafélék (Felidae) genetikai monitorozási módszerének fejlesztése. A Magyar Biológiai Társaság XXX. Vándorgyűlése, Budapest, 2017.02.17-18. Absztrakt-kötet pp. 45-46.

Fehér P., Frank K., Heltai B., Szepesi K., Mihalik B., Barta E., Újváry D., Gombkötő P., Szemethy L. & Stéger V. (2017): Genetic monitoring of Hungarian carnivores: Felidae. Hungarian Molecular Life Sciences 2017, Eger, 2017.03.31-04.02. Book of abstract pp. 249-250.

Szemethy L. ed. (2019): Emlős nagyragadozók visszatelepülése Magyarországra, az együttélés lehetősége és kihívásai. Herman Ottó Intézet Nonprofit Kft. Budapest. In pres

5. Range

5.1 Surface area

3255

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

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5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude b) Maximum a) Minimum 5.9 Long-term trend Method used 5.10 Favourable reference range a) Area (km²) b) Operator More than (>) c) Unknown d) Method 5.11 Change and reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate data in surface area of range The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data 5.12 Additional information 6. Population 6.1 Year or period 2013-2018 6.2 Population size (in reporting unit) a) Unit number of individuals (i) b) Minimum 10 25 c) Maximum d) Best single value 6.3 Type of estimate Best estimate 6.4 Additional population size (using a) Unit population unit other than reporting b) Minimum unit) c) Maximum d) Best single value 6.5 Type of estimate 6.6 Population size Method used Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data 6.7 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018 6.8 Short-term trend Direction Stable (0) 6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval 6.10 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data 6.11 Long-term trend Period 6.12 Long-term trend Direction 6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval 6.14 Long-term trend Method used

a) Population size

b) Operator

c) Unknown

6.15 Favourable reference

6.4)

population (using the unit in 6.2 or

Much more than (>>)

d) Method

6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

6.17 Additional information

7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

Yes

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Н
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	Н
Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g. bridges, viaducts, tunnels) (E01)	M
Hunting (G07)	M
Illegal shooting/killing (G10)	M
Threat	Ranking
Threat Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Ranking H
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Н
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06) Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09) Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g.	H H

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

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9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures

a) Are measures needed? Yes

b) Indicate the status of measures

Measures identified and taken

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

Increase the population size and/or improve population dynamics (improve reproduction success, reduce mortality, improve age/sex structure) (related to 'Population')

9.3 Location of the measures taken

Only inside Natura 2000

9.4 Response to the measures

Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)

9.5 List of main conservation measures

Stop forest management and exploitation practices (CB06)

Other measures related to forestry practices (CB15)

Reduce impact of transport operation and infrastructure (CE01)

Management of hunting, recreational fishing and recreational or commercial harvesting or collection of plants (CG02)

Control/eradication of illegal killing, fishing and harvesting (CG04)

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters

a) Range Poor

b) Population

c) Habitat of the species

Bad Poor

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.2. Population

Unfavourable - Bad (U2)

11.3. Habitat for the species

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.4. Future prospects

Unfavourable - Bad (U2)

11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

Unfavourable - Bad (U2)

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

Stable (=)

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method

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The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

a) Unit number of individuals (i)

b) Minimum 10 c) Maximum 25

d) Best single value

12.2 Type of estimate

network Method used

Best estimate 12.3 Population size inside the

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

Stable (0)

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

12.6 Additional information

13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

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Az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke alapján készített országjelentés 2019

