NATIONAL LEVEL		
1. General information		
1.1 Member State	ни	
1.2 Species code	6908	
1.3 Species scientific name	Morimus asper funereus	
1.4 Alternative species scientific name	Morimus funereus	
1.5 Common name (in national language)	gyászcincér	
2 Mans		

2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2010-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
2.5 Additional maps	No

3. Information related to	Annex V Species (Art. 14)	
3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken?	a) regulations regarding access to property	No
	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	No
	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No
	h) other measures	No

2019.11.27. 11:14:12 Page 1 of 6

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/	Season/
	year 1	year 2	year 3	year 4	year 5	year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

Pannonian (PAN)

4.2 Sources of information

Haraszthy L. (szerk.) (2014): Natura 2000 fajok és élőhelyek Magyarországon. ProVértes Közalapítvány, Csákvár, 955 pp.

URL

A Nemzeti Biodiverzitás-monitorozó Rendszer 2013-2018 időszakban végzett felméréseinek jelentései

Natura 2000 fenntartási tervek megalapozó adatai

http://stvsz.com/wp-

content/uploads/2017/07/vedett_allatfajok_elterjedesi_atlasza_2016_dig.pdf

5. Range

5.1 Surface area 10461

5.2 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum

b) Operator

5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range a) Area (km²)

2019.11.27. 11:14:12 Page 2 of 6

More than (>)

- c) Unknown
- d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

5.12 Additional information

6. Population

6.1 Year or period 2013-2018

6.2 Population size (in reporting unit)

a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value 277

6.3 Type of estimate

Minimum

6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)

- a) Unit
- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value

6.5 Type of estimate

6.6 Population size Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

6.7 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

6.8 Short-term trend Direction

Uncertain (u)

6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude

- a) Minimum
- b) Maximum
- c) Confidence interval

6.10 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

6.11 Long-term trend Period

6.12 Long-term trend Direction

6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude

- a) Minimum
- b) Maximum
- c) Confidence interval

6.14 Long-term trend Method used

6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)

- a) Population size
- b) Operator

More than (>)

- c) Unknown
- d) Method

6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method

2019.11.27. 11:14:12 Page 3 of 6

No information on nature of change

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

6.17 Additional information

7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

No

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

Yes

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

2007-2018

7.3 Short-term trend Period 7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Conversion to other types of forests including monocultures (B02)	Н
Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03)	Н
Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04)	M
Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05)	M
Removal of dead and dying trees, including debris (B07)	Н
Removal of old trees (excluding dead or dying trees) (B08)	Н
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	M
Forest management reducing old growth forests (B15)	Н
Wood transport (B16)	M
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (I02)	M
Threat	Ranking
Conversion to other types of forests including monocultures (B02)	Н

2019.11.27. 11:14:12 Page 4 of 6

Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03)	Н
Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05)	M
Removal of dead and dying trees, including debris (B07)	Н
Removal of old trees (excluding dead or dying trees) (B08)	Н
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	M
Forest management reducing old growth forests (B15)	Н
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (IO2)	М

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures a) Are measures needed?

b) Indicate the status of measures Measures identified and taken

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

Increase the population size and/or improve population dynamics (improve reproduction success, reduce mortality, improve age/sex structure) (related to 'Population')

9.3 Location of the measures taken

Both inside and outside Natura 2000

9.4 Response to the measures

Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)

9.5 List of main conservation measures

Prevent conversion of (semi-) natural habitats into forests and of (semi-)natural forests into intensive forest plantation (CB01)

Reinstate forest management and exploitation practices (CB03)

Adapt/change forest management and exploitation practices (CB05)

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters a) Range Poor

b) Population Poor c) Habitat of the species Poor

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.2. Population Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.3. Habitat for the species Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

2019.11.27. 11:14:12 Page 5 of 6

11.4. Future prospects

11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Stable (=)

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data No information on nature of change

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

a) Unit

number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value 215

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

Minimum

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

Stable (0)

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12.6 Additional information

13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

2019.11.27. 11:14:12 Page 6 of 6

