NATIONAL LEVEL		
1. General information		
1.1 Member State	ни	
1.2 Species code	1321	
1.3 Species scientific name	Myotis emarginatus	
1.4 Alternative species scientific name		
1.5 Common name (in national language)	csonkafülű denevér	

2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
2.5 Additional maps	No

3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

3. Information related to	Annex V Species (Art. 14)	
3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
3.2 Which of the measures in Art.	a) regulations regarding access to property	No
14 have been taken?	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	
	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No

h) other measures

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No

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

- 3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used
- 3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs Pannonian (PAN)

4.2 Sources of information

BOLDOGH S.A. et al. 2019. "Hogy vagytok denevérek?" – Az országos monitoring program első 15 évének néhány eredménye. ("How are you bats?" Some results of the first 15 years of the national biomonitoring programme) in press

5. Range

5.1 Surface area

28509

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Decreasing (-)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range

a) Area (km²)

b) Operator

Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown

d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

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The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

5.12 Additional information

L	LO		17t1	On
U.	ru	pu	ıalı	UH

6.1 Year or period 2013-2018 6.2 Population size (in reporting unit) a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1) b) Minimum c) Maximum d) Best single value 163 6.3 Type of estimate Minimum 6.4 Additional population size (using a) Unit population unit other than reporting b) Minimum unit) c) Maximum d) Best single value 6.5 Type of estimate 6.6 Population size Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data 6.7 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018 6.8 Short-term trend Direction Decreasing (-) 6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval 6.10 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data 6.11 Long-term trend Period 6.12 Long-term trend Direction 6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval 6.14 Long-term trend Method used 6.15 Favourable reference a) Population size population (using the unit in 6.2 or b) Operator More than (>) 6.4)c) Unknown d) Method 6.16 Change and reason for change Genuine in population size The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

6.17 Additional information

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7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Yes

7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Decreasing (-)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Pressure	Ranking
Removal of small landscape features for agricultural land parcel consolidation (hedges, stone walls, rushes, open ditches, springs, solitary trees, etc.) (A05)	M
Abandonment of grassland management (e.g. cessation of grazing or mowing) (A06)	Н
Use of plant protection chemicals in agriculture (A21)	Н
Conversion to other types of forests including monocultures (B02)	Н
Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03)	M
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	M
Sports, tourism and leisure activities (F07)	M
Residential or recreational activities and structures generating noise, light, heat or other forms of pollution (F24)	Н
Temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) due to climate change (N01)	Н
Desynchronisation of biological / ecological processes due to climate change (N06)	M
Threat	Ranking
Removal of small landscape features for agricultural land parcel consolidation (hedges, stone walls, rushes, open ditches, springs, solitary trees, etc.) (A05)	M
Abandonment of grassland management (e.g. cessation of grazing or mowing) (A06)	Н

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Use of plant protection chemicals in agriculture (A21)	Н
Conversion to other types of forests including monocultures (B02)	M
Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03)	M
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	M
Sports, tourism and leisure activities (F07)	M
Residential or recreational activities and structures generating noise, light, heat or other forms of pollution (F24)	Н
Temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) due to climate change (N01)	Н
Desynchronisation of biological / ecological processes due to climate change (N06)	Н

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status	of measures	

a) Are measures needed? Yes

b) Indicate the status of measures Measures identified, but none yet taken

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures

Short-term results (within the current reporting period, 2013-2018)

9.5 List of main conservation measures

Prevent conversion of natural and semi-natural habitats, and habitats of species into agricultural land (CA01)

Adapt mowing, grazing and other equivalent agricultural activities (CA05)

Adapt/manage reforestation and forest regeneration (CB04)

Combat illegal logging (CB07)

Reduce impact of outdoor sports, leisure and recreational activities (CF03)

Reduce/eliminate noise, light, heat or other forms pollution from industrial, commercial, residential and recreational areas and activities (CF09)

Other measures related to residential, commercial, industrial and recreational infrastructures, operations and activities (CF12)

Reduce impact of other specific human actions (CH03)

Implement climate change adaptation measures (CN02)

Improvement of habitat of species from the directives (CS03)

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

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10.1 Future prospects of parameters

Poor Poor b) Population c) Habitat of the species Poor

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range

11.2. Population

11.3. Habitat for the species

11.4. Future prospects

11.5 Overall assessment of **Conservation Status**

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Deteriorating (-)

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species

is present)

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value 130

Minimum

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Decreasing (-)

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

12.6 Additional information

13. Complementary information

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13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

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