NATIONAL LEVEL				
1. General information				
1.1 Member State	ни			
1.2 Species code	2203			
1.3 Species scientific name	Onosma tornensis			
1.4 Alternative species scientific name	Onosma tornense			
1.5 Common name (in national language)	tornai vértő			
2 Mans				

### 2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
2.5 Additional maps	No

## 3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
3.2 Which of the measures in Art.  14 have been taken?	a) regulations regarding access to property	No
	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	
	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as	No

h) other measures

artificial propagation of plant species

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No

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

#### **BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL**

### 4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

4.2 Sources of information

Pannonian (PAN)

Boldoghné Szűts F. – Virók V. (2014): Onosma tornense, In: Haraszthy L. (szerk.): Natura 2000 fajok és élőhelyek Magyarországon. ProVértes Közalapítvány, Csákvár, pp. 85-87.

MÁRTONFI P., KOLARČIK V. & SOMLYAY L. (2014): Lectotypification of Onosma viridis and synonymization of O. tornensis with O. viridis. – Annales Botanici Fennici 51: 201–206.

Monitoring reports (2013-2018) of Hungarian Biodiversity Monitoring System

#### 5. Range

5.1 Surface area

71,5

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

5.6 Long-term trend Period

= 7 1 - - - 1 - - - - 1 - - - - 1 B' - - - 1' -

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Area (km²)

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b) Operator Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown

d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

No change

The change is mainly due to:

5.12 Additional information

#### 6. Population

6.1 Year or period 2016

6.2 Population size (in reporting unit) a) Unit number of individuals (i)

b) Minimum 15000 c) Maximum 20000

d) Best single value

6.3 Type of estimate Best estimate

6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)

a) Unit
b) Minimum
c) Maximum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value

6.5 Type of estimate

6.6 Population size Method used Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

6.7 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018

6.8 Short-term trend Direction Increasing (+)

6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum

c) Confidence interval

6.10 Short-term trend Method used Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

6.11 Long-term trend Period

6.12 Long-term trend Direction

6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum

b) Maximumc) Confidence interval

6.14 Long-term trend Method used

6.15 Favourable reference

population (using the unit in 6.2 or

b) Operator

Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown d) Method

6.16 Change and reason for change Genuine

in population size The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

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6.17 Additional information

### 7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

Yes

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

occupied habitat Method used
7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

### 8. Main pressures and threats

#### 8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (IO2)	Н
Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (LO2)	Н
Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g. bridges, viaducts, tunnels) (E01)	M
Threat	Ranking
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (I02)	Н
Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (LO2)	Н
Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g. bridges, viaducts, tunnels) (E01)	M
Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	M

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

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#### 9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures a) Are measures needed?

b) Indicate the status of measures Measures identified, but none yet taken

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)

9.5 List of main conservation measures

Management, control or eradication of other invasive alien species (ClO3)

Combat illegal logging (CB07)

9.6 Additional information

#### 10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters a) Range Good

b) Population Good

c) Habitat of the species Poor

10.2 Additional information

#### 11. Conclusions

11.1. Range Favourable (FV)

11.2. Population Favourable (FV)

11.3. Habitat for the species Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.4. Future prospects Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.5 Overall assessment of Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Conservation Status

Status

11.7 Change and reasons for change a) Overall assessment of conservation status

Improving (+)

in conservation status and No change

conservation status trend

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation

The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Genuine

The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

11.8 Additional information

## 12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

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12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

a) Unit number of individuals (i)

b) Minimum 15000 c) Maximum 20000

d) Best single value

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

Best estimate

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

Increasing (+)

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

12.6 Additional information

### 13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

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