

# Report on the main results of the surveillance under Article 11 for Annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

## NATIONAL LEVEL

### 1. General information

|   |                               |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1.1 Member State                        | HU                            |
| 1.2 Species code                        | 1076                          |
| 1.3 Species scientific name             | <i>Proserpinus proserpina</i> |
| 1.4 Alternative species scientific name |                               |
| 1.5 Common name (in national language)  | törpészender                  |

### 2. Maps

|                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 2.1 Sensitive species            | No  |
| 2.2 Year or period               | 2013-2018   |
| 2.3 Distribution map             | Yes   |
| 2.4 Distribution map Method used | Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data |
| 2.5 Additional maps              | No  |

### 3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

|   |   |    |
|---|---|----|
| 3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?       | No  |    |
| 3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken? | a) regulations regarding access to property   | No |
|   | b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation                   | No |
|   | c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens   | No |
|   | d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations      | No |
|   | e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas                                  | No |
|   | f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens | No |
|   | g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species               | No |
|   | h) other measures   | No |

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3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

| b) Statistics/<br>quantity taken | Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                  | Season/<br>year 1   | Season/<br>year 2 | Season/<br>year 3 | Season/<br>year 4 | Season/<br>year 5 | Season/<br>year 6 |
| Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)      |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)      |   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Unknown                          | No  | No                | No                | No                | No                | No                |

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

## BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

### 4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

**Pannonian (PAN)**

4.2 Sources of information

KOZMA P: (2014): Adatok a Hevesi-sík nagylepkefaunájának ismeretéhez (Macrolepidoptera). – In: SCHMOTZER A. (eds): Szikfok. Dél-hevesi tanulmányok. Bükki Nemzeti Park Igazgatóság, Eger, pp., 97-116 pp.

Haraszthy L., Sáfián Sz. (szerk.)(2016): Védett állatfajok elterjedési atlasza Vas, Zala és Somogy megye Natura 2000 területein / Distribution atlas of protected species of animals in Natura 2000 sites of Vas, Zala and Somogy Counties. Somogy Természetvédelmi Szervezet, Somogyfajsz, pp. 1-216.  
[http://stvsz.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/vedett\\_allatfajok\\_elterjedesi\\_atlasza\\_2016\\_dig.pdf](http://stvsz.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/vedett_allatfajok_elterjedesi_atlasza_2016_dig.pdf)

Deli Tamás - Danyik Tibor (szerk.) (2015): A Körös-Maros Nemzeti Park természeti értékei II. A Körös-Maros nemzeti Park Állatvilága - Gerinctelenek – KMNPI

Sáfián Sz., Scherer Z., Strausz M., Horváth B. & Korompai T. (2016): Törpészender *Proserpinus proserpina* (Pallas, 1772). In: HARASZTHY L. & SÁFIÁN SZ. (szerk.): Védett állatfajok elterjedési atlasza Vas, Zala és Somogy megye Natura 2000 területein. Somogy Természetvédelmi Szervezet, Somogyfajsz: 86-87.  
<https://www.izeltlabuak.hu/faj/torpeszender/talalatok> Licenz: CC BY 4.0

### 5. Range

5.1 Surface area

14333

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

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|  |   |                            |
|--|---|----------------------------|
| 5.5 Short-term trend Method used                           | Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data   |                            |
| 5.6 Long-term trend Period                                 |   |                            |
| 5.7 Long-term trend Direction                              |   |                            |
| 5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude                              | a) Minimum  | b) Maximum                 |
| 5.9 Long-term trend Method used                            |   |                            |
| 5.10 Favourable reference range                            | a) Area (km <sup>2</sup> )<br>b) Operator<br>c) Unknown<br>d) Method  | Approximately equal to (≈) |
| 5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range | Improved knowledge/more accurate data<br>The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data |                            |
| 5.12 Additional information                                |   |                            |

## 6. Population

|  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| 6.1 Year or period   | 2013-2018   |   |
| 6.2 Population size (in reporting unit)  | a) Unit<br>b) Minimum<br>c) Maximum<br>d) Best single value | number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)<br><br><br>154 |
| 6.3 Type of estimate   | Minimum   |   |
| 6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit) | a) Unit<br>b) Minimum<br>c) Maximum<br>d) Best single value |   |
| 6.5 Type of estimate   |   |   |
| 6.6 Population size Method used  | Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data       |   |
| 6.7 Short-term trend Period  | 2007-2018   |   |
| 6.8 Short-term trend Direction   | Uncertain (u)   |   |
| 6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude   | a) Minimum<br>b) Maximum<br>c) Confidence interval          |   |
| 6.10 Short-term trend Method used  | Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data       |   |
| 6.11 Long-term trend Period  |   |   |
| 6.12 Long-term trend Direction   |   |   |
| 6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude   | a) Minimum<br>b) Maximum<br>c) Confidence interval          |   |
| 6.14 Long-term trend Method used   |   |   |

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6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)

- a) Population size
- b) Operator
- c) Unknown x
- d) Method

6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

- Use of different method
- The change is mainly due to:

6.17 Additional information

## 7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

- a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)? Unknown
- b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Uncertain (u)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

## 8. Main pressures and threats

### 8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

| Pressure  | Ranking |
|---|---------|
| Conversion into agricultural land (excluding drainage and burning) (A01)  | H       |
| Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (N02)   | M       |
| Other invasive alien species (other than species of Union concern) (I02)  | M       |
| Abandonment of grassland management (e.g. cessation of grazing or mowing) (A06)   | M       |
| Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (L01)                                      | M       |
| Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (L02) | H       |
| Invasive alien species of Union concern (I01)   | M       |
| Threat  | Ranking |

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|   |   |
|---|---|
| Conversion into agricultural land (excluding drainage and burning) (A01)  | M |
| Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (N02)   | H |
| Other invasive alien species (other than species of Union concern) (I02)  | M |
| Abandonment of grassland management (e.g. cessation of grazing or mowing) (A06)   | M |
| Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (L01)                                      | M |
| Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (L02) | H |
| Invasive alien species of Union concern (I01)   | M |

## 8.2 Sources of information

## 8.3 Additional information

IAS union concern : *Asclepias syriaca* L.; *Impatiens glandulifera* Royle;

## 9. Conservation measures

### 9.1 Status of measures

- a) Are measures needed? No
- b) Indicate the status of measures

### 9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

### 9.3 Location of the measures taken

### 9.4 Response to the measures

### 9.5 List of main conservation measures

### 9.6 Additional information

## 10. Future prospects

### 10.1 Future prospects of parameters

- a) Range Good
- b) Population Unknown
- c) Habitat of the species Poor

### 10.2 Additional information

## 11. Conclusions

### 11.1. Range

Favourable (FV)

### 11.2. Population

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

### 11.3. Habitat for the species

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

### 11.4. Future prospects

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

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11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

Unknown (x)

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

11.8 Additional information

## 12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

- a) Unit
- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

12.6 Additional information

## 13. Complementary information

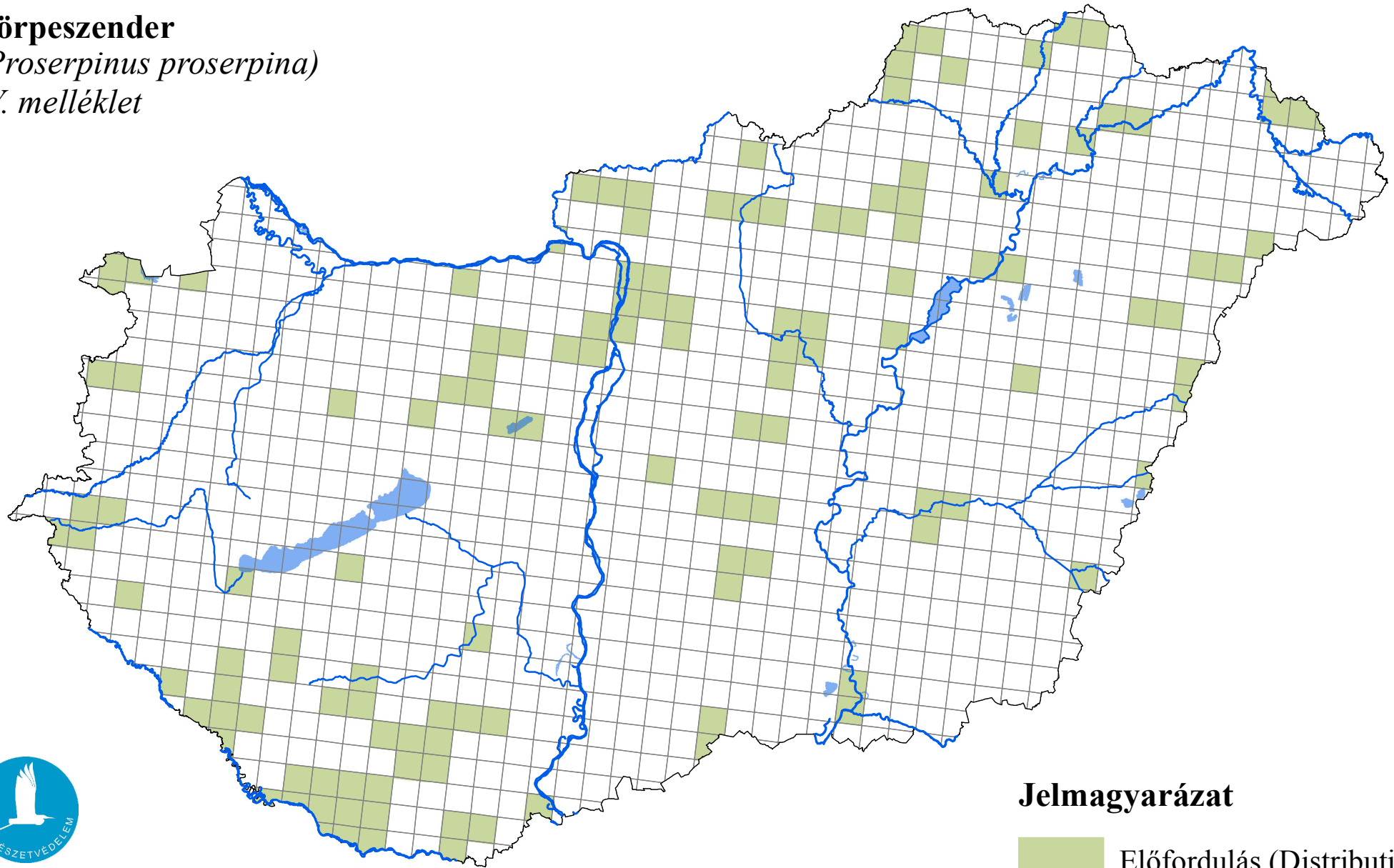
13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

# Az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke alapján készített országjelentés 2019

**Törpeszender**  
(*Proserpinus proserpina*)  
IV. melléklet



Forrás: Agrárminisztérium,  
Természetmegőrzési Főosztály

## Jelmagyarázat

