NATIONAL LEVEL				
1. General information				
1.1 Member State	ни			
1.2 Species code	1303			
1.3 Species scientific name	Rhinolophus hipposideros			
1.4 Alternative species scientific name				
1.5 Common name (in national language)	kis patkósdenevér			

2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
2.5 Additional maps	No

3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)				
3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No			
3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken?	a) regulations regarding access to property			
	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation			
	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No		
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No		
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No		
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No		
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No		
	h) other measures	No		

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3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

- 3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used
- 3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

Pannonian (PAN)

4.2 Sources of information

BOLDOGH S.A. et al. 2019. "Hogy vagytok denevérek?" – Az országos monitoring program első 15 évének néhány eredménye. ("How are you bats?" Some results of the first 15 years of the national biomonitoring programme) in press

5. Range

5.1 Surface area

25669

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

- 5.6 Long-term trend Period
- 5.7 Long-term trend Direction
- •
- 5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude
- 5.9 Long-term trend Method used
- 5.10 Favourable reference range
- a) Minimum
- b) Maximum
- a) Area (km²)
- b) Operator

Approximately equal to (≈)

- c) Unknown
- d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Improved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method

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The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

5.12 Additional information

6.	$\mathbf{\nu}$	റ	n		12	TI	റ	n
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6.1 Year or period	2013-2018
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6.2 Population size (in reporting unit) a) Unit number of individuals (i)

b) Minimum 3000 c) Maximum 10000

d) Best single value

6.3 Type of estimate Best estimate

6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)

a) Unit

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value

6.5 Type of estimate

6.6 Population size Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

6.7 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018

6.8 Short-term trend Direction Increasing (+)

6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum

b) Maximum

c) Confidence interval

6.10 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

6.11 Long-term trend Period

6.12 Long-term trend Direction

6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

c) Confidence interval

6.14 Long-term trend Method used

6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)

a) Population size

b) Operator Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown

d) Method

6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

6.17 Additional information

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7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Yes

7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Use of plant protection chemicals in agriculture (A21)	Н
Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03)	M
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Н
Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g. bridges, viaducts, tunnels) (E01)	M
Construction or modification (e.g. of housing and settlements) in existing urban or recreational areas (F02)	Н
Creation or development of sports, tourism and leisure infrastructure (outside the urban or recreational areas) (F05)	M
Residential or recreational activities and structures generating noise, light, heat or other forms of pollution (F24)	Н
Desynchronisation of biological / ecological processes due to climate change (N06)	M
Other climate related changes in abiotic conditions (N09)	M
Threat	Ranking
Use of plant protection chemicals in agriculture (A21)	Н
Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03)	M
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	M
Roads, paths, railroads and related infrastructure (e.g. bridges, viaducts, tunnels) (E01)	M

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Construction or modification (e.g. of housing and settlements) in existing urban or recreational areas (F02)	Н
Creation or development of sports, tourism and leisure infrastructure (outside the urban or recreational areas) (F05)	M
Residential or recreational activities and structures generating noise, light, heat or other forms of pollution (F24)	д H
Desynchronisation of biological / ecological processes due to climate change (N06)	Н
Other climate related changes in abiotic conditions (N09)	Н

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures a) Are measures needed?

Measures identified and taken

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

Maintain the current range, population and/or habitat for the species

9.3 Location of the measures taken

Only inside Natura 2000

b) Indicate the status of measures

9.4 Response to the measures

Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)

9.5 List of main conservation measures

Manage the use of natural fertilisers and chemicals in agricultural (plant and animal) production (CA09)

Adapt/change forest management and exploitation practices (CB05)

Reduce impact of outdoor sports, leisure and recreational activities (CF03)

Reduce/eliminate noise, light, heat or other forms pollution from industrial, commercial, residential and recreational areas and activities (CF09)

Other measures related to residential, commercial, industrial and recreational infrastructures, operations and activities (CF12)

Improvement of habitat of species from the directives (CS03)

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters a) Range Good

b) Population Good c) Habitat of the species Poor

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range Favourable (FV)

11.2. Population Favourable (FV)

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11.3. Habitat for the species

11.4. Future prospects

11.5 Overall assessment of **Conservation Status**

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Improving (+)

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Use of different method

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

12.6 Additional information

a) Unit number of individuals (i)

b) Minimum 2500 8500 c) Maximum

d) Best single value

Best estimate

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Increasing (+)

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

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Az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke alapján készített országjelentés 2019

