

Bird species' status and trends reporting format for the period 2008-2012 (Annex 2)

1. Species Information

1.1 Member State	Hungary
1.2.2 Natura 2000 code	A067
1.3 Species name	Bucephala clangula
1.3.1 Sub-specific population	
1.4 Alternative species name	
1.5 Common name	kerceréce
1.6 Season	Winter (W)

2. Population size

2.1 Year or period	2008-2012
2.2 Population size	a)unit number of individuals (i) b)minimum 12000 c)maximum 18000
2.3 Type of estimate	The best available single figure or range (Best estimate)
2.4 Method used	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)
2.5 Quality	Moderate (2)
2.6 Sources	National Park Directorates databases. Faragó, S. (2012): Results of Hungarian Waterfowl Monitoring in the season 2011/2012. Hungarian Waterfowl Publications 22: 262-284.

2.8 Additional information

3. Population trend

3.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

3.1.1 Period	2000-2012
3.1.2 Trend direction	Fluctuating (F)
3.1.3 Magnitude	a)Min b)Max
3.1.4 Method used	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)
3.1.5 Quality	Moderate (2)
3.1.6 Sources	National Park Directorates' databases. Faragó, S. (2012): Results of Hungarian Waterfowl Monitoring in the season 2011/2012. Hungarian Waterfowl Publications 22: 262-284.

3.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

3.2.1 Period	1996-2012
3.2.2 Trend direction	Stable (0)
3.2.3 Magnitude	a)Min b)Max
3.2.4 Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate (3)
3.2.5 Quality	Good (3)
3.2.6 Sources	Faragó, S. (2012): Results of Hungarian Waterfowl Monitoring in the season 2011/2012. Hungarian Waterfowl Publications 22: 262-284. National Park Directorates' databases.

3.3 Additional information

4. Breeding distribution map and range size

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4.1 Year or period	
4.2 Sensitive species	No
4.3 Distribution map	No
4.4 Additional distribution map	No
4.5 Range map	No
4.6 Range surface area	
4.7 Method used	N/A
4.8 Quality	N/A
4.9 Sources	
4.11 Additional information	

5. Breeding range trend

5.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

5.1.1 Period		
5.1.2 Trend direction	N/A	
5.1.3 Magnitude	a)Min	b)Max
5.1.4 Method used	N/A	
5.1.5 Quality	N/A	
5.1.6 Sources		

5.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

5.2.1 Period		
5.2.2 Trend direction	N/A	
5.2.3 Magnitude	a)Min	b)Max
5.2.4 Method used	N/A	
5.2.5 Quality	N/A	
5.2.6 Sources		
5.3 Additional information		

6. Progress in work related to international Species Action Plans (SAPs), Management Plans (MPs) and Brief Management Statements (BMSs)

6.1 Type of plan	No Plan (NA)
6.2 National plan adopted?	N/A
6.3 Measures linked to SAP/MP/BMS	
6.4 Further Information	

7. Main pressures and threats

Pressure	impact	quality	location	sources
trapping, poisoning, poaching (F03.02.03)	low importance (L)	Poor (1)	Inside the Member State (4)	Szakértői becslés

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Pollution to surface waters (limnic & terrestrial, marine & brackish) (H01) low importance Poor (1) Inside the Member State (4) Szakértői becslés

8. SPA coverage and conservation measures

8.1 Population inside the SPA network

8.1.1 Population size a)unit number of b)minimum 11000 c)maximum 16000
individuals (i)

8.1.2 Method used Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

8.1.3 Short-term trend of population Fluctuating (F)

8.2 Conservation Measures

8.2.1 Measure 8.2.2 Type 8.2.3 Ranking 8.2.4 Location 8.2.5 Broad Evaluation

Restoring/improving the hydrological regime (4.2) Contractual One-off high importance (H) Inside Maintain

Establish protected areas/sites (6.1) Legal One-off high importance (H) Inside Maintain

Legal protection of habitats and species (6.3) Legal One-off high importance (H) Both Maintain

Regulation/ Management of hunting and taking (7.1) Administrative Recurrent high importance (H) Inside Maintain