ex D)	
NATIONAL LEVEL	

1. General information

1.1 Member State HU

1.2 Habitat code 9130 - Asperulo-Fagetum beech forests

2. Maps

2.1 Year or period 2013-2018

2.3 Distribution map Yes

2.3 Distribution map Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

2.4 Additional maps

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

3. Biogeographical and marine regions

3.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the habitat occurs Pannonian (PAN)

3.2 Sources of information

Szmorad F. (2014): 9130 Szubmontán és montán bükkösök (Asperuo-Fagetum) In: Haraszthy L. (szerk.) Natura 2000 fajok és élőhelyek Magyarországon. ProVértes Közalapítvány, Csákvár, 869-873 pp.

4. Range

4.1 Surface area 14359

4.2 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018

4.3 Short-term trend Direction Stable (0)

4.4 Short-term trend Magnitude b) Maximum a) Minimum

4.5 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

4.6 Long-term trend Period

4.7 Long-term trend Direction

4.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

4.9 Long-term trend Method used

4.10 Favourable reference range

a) MInimum b) Maximum

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

a) Area (km²)

b) Operator Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown Yes

d) Method

4.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

4.12 Additional information

5. Area covered by habitat

5.1 Year or period 2013-2018

5.2 Surface area (in km²) a) Minimum 570 b) Maximum 855 c) Best single value

5.3 Type of estimate Best estimate

5.4 Surface area Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

2019.11.27. Page 1 of 5

Annex i nabitat types (A	illiex Dj		
5.5 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018		
5.6 Short-term trend Direction	Stable (0)		
5.7 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum	b) Maximum	c) Confidence interval
5.8 Short-term trend Method used	Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data		
5.9 Long-term trend Period			
5.10 Long-term trend Direction			
5.11 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum	b) Maximum	c) Confidence interval
5.12 Long-term trend Method used			
5.13 Favourable reference area	a) Area (km²)		
	b) Operator	Approximately equal to (≈)	
	c) Unknown	Yes	
	d) Method		
5.14 Change and reason for change in surface area of range	Improved know Use of differen	vledge/more accurate data t method	

The change is mainly due to:

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

5.15 Additional information

6. Structure and functions

6.1 Condition of habitat	a) Area in good condition (km²)	Minimum 324	Maximum 493
	b) Area in not-good condition (km²)	Minimum 140	Maximum 210
	c) Area where condition is not known (km²)	Minimum 106	Maximum 152
6.2 Condition of habitat Method used	Based mainly on extrapolati	on from a limited amour	t of data
6.3 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition Period	20072018		
6.4 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition Direction	Uncertain (u)		
6.5 Short-term trend of habitat area	Based mainly on expert opin	nion with very limited da	ta
in good condition Method used	Has the list of typical specie	s changed in comparison	to the previous No
6.6 Typical species	reporting period?	o enemgen in companie	140
6.7 Typical species Method used			
6.8 Additional information			

7. Main pressures and threats

7.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Н
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	Н
Removal of dead and dying trees, including debris (B07)	M
Removal of old trees (excluding dead or dying trees) (B08)	M

2019.11.27. Page 2 of 5

Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (IO2)	M
Temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) due to climate change (N01)	M
Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	M
Threat	Ranking
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Н
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	Н
Removal of dead and dying trees, including debris (B07)	Н
Removal of old trees (excluding dead or dying trees) (B08)	M
Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (IO2)	М
Temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) due to climate change (N01)	М
Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	Н

7.2 Sources of information

7.3 Additional information

8. Conservation measures

8.1 Status of measures	a) Are measures needed?	Yes
	b) Indicate the status of measures	Measures identified and taken
8.2 Main purpose of the measures taken	Maintain the current range, population and/or habitat for the species	
8.3 Location of the measures taken	Both inside and outside Natura 2000	
8.4 Response to the measures	Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)	
8.5 List of main conservation measures		

Prevent conversion of (semi-) natural habitats into forests and of (semi-)natural forests into intensive forest plantation (CB01)

Adapt/change forest management and exploitation practices (CB05)

Stop forest management and exploitation practices (CB06)

Combat illegal logging (CB07)

Reducing the impact of (re-) stocking for fishing and hunting, of artificial feeding and predator control (CG03)

Management, control or eradication of other invasive alien species (Cl03)

Management of problematic native species (CI05)

8.6 Additional information

9. Future prospects

2019.11.27. Page 3 of 5

9.1 Future prospects of parameters

a) Range Good

b) Area Good

c) Structure and functions Poor

9.2 Additional information

10. Conclusions

10.1. Range

10.2. Area

10.3. Specific structure and functions (incl. typical species)

10.4. Future prospects

10.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

10.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

10.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

Favourable (FV)

Favourable (FV)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Stable (=)

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

10.8 Additional information

11. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs, SACs) coverage for Annex I habitat types

11.1 Surface area of the habitat type inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (in km² in biogeographical/marine region)

a) Minimum

500

b) Maximum

535

c) Best single value

11.2 Type of estimate

11.3 Surface area of the habitat type inside the network Method used

11.4 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition within the network Direction

11.5 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition within network Method used

11.6 Additional information

Best estimate

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

Uncertain (u)

Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data

12. Complementary information

12.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

2019.11.27. Page 4 of 5

12.2 Other relevant information

2019.11.27. Page 5 of 5

