

Report on the main results of the surveillance under article 11 for annex II, IV and V species (Annex B)

0.1 Member State	HU
0.2.1 Species code	1303
0.2.2 Species name	Rhinolophus hipposideros
0.2.3 Alternative species scientific name	N/A
0.2.4 Common name	kis patkósdenevér

1. National Level

1.1 Maps

1.1.1 Distribution Map	Yes
1.1.1a Sensitive species	No
1.1.2 Method used - map	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)
1.1.3 Year or period	2007-2012
1.1.4 Additional map	No
1.1.5 Range map	Yes

2. Biogeographical Or Marine Level

2.1 Biogeographical Region

Pannonian (PAN)

Boldogh, S. & Szatyor, M. & 2007. Kis patkósdenevér Rhinolophus hipposideros (Bechstein, 1800). Pp. 75-78. In: Bihari, Z., Csorba, G. & Heltai, M. (szerk.): Magyarország emlőseinek atlasza. Kossuth Kiadó, Budapest.

Paulovics, P. & Somogyvári, O. 2007. A kis patkósdenevér (Rhinolophus hipposideros) téli aktivitása: egy hipotézis vitaindítónak. In: Molnár, V. (ed.): Az V. Magyar Denevérvédelmi Konferencia (Pécs, 2005. december 3-4.) és a VI. Magyar Denevérvédelmi Konferencia (Mártély, 2007. október 12-14.) kiadványa, (Mártély, 12th to 14th of October 2007)], CSEMÉTE Egyesület, Szeged, pp. 18-23.

Görföl, T. & Zsebők, S. 2008. Kis patkósdenevér (Rhinolophus hipposideros) - új faj Tolna megye denevérfaunájában. Denevérkutatás - Hungarian Bat Research News. 4: 3-6.

Boldogh, S. & Estók, P. (eds.) 2007. Földalatti denevérszállások katasztere I. Aggteleki Nemzeti Park Igazgatóság, Jósvafő, 340 pp

2.3 Range

2.3.1 Surface area - Range (km ²)	25068
2.3.2 Method - Range surface area	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)
2.3.3 Short-term trend period	2001-2012
2.3.4 Short-term trend direction	stable (0)
2.3.5 Short-term trend magnitude	min max
2.3.6 Long-term trend period	N/A
2.3.7 Long-term trend direction	min max
2.3.8 Long-term trend magnitude	area (km ²)
2.3.9 Favourable reference range	operator approximately equal to (~) unkown No method
2.3.10 Reason for change	Use of different method

2.4 Population

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2.4.1 Population size (individuals or agreed exception)	Unit	number of individuals (i)					
	min	1700	max	10000			
2.4.2 Population size (other than individuals)	Unit	N/A					
	min	max					
2.4.3 Additional information	<p>Definition of locality</p> <p>Conversion method</p> <p>Problems</p>						
2.4.4 Year or period	2007-2012						
2.4.5 Method – population size	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)						
2.4.6 Short-term trend period	2001-2012						
2.4.7 Short term trend direction	stable (0)						
2.4.8 Short-term trend magnitude	min	max	confidence interval				
2.4.9 Short-term trend method	Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)						
2.4.10 Long-term trend period	N/A						
2.4.11 Long term trend direction	min	max	confidence interval				
2.4.12 Long-term trend magnitude	N/A						
2.4.13 Long-term trend method	number						
2.4.14 Favourable reference population	operator	approximately equal to (≈)					
	unknown	No					
	method						
2.4.15 Reason for change							

2.5 Habitat for the Species

2.5.1 Surface area - Habitat (km ²)	9107
2.5.2 Year or period	2006
2.5.3 Method used - habitat	Estimate based on expert opinion with no or minimal sampling (1)
2.5.4 a) Quality of habitat	Unknown
2.5.4 b) Quality of habitat - method	ismeretlen
2.5.5 Short term trend period	2001-2012
2.5.6 Short term trend direction	stable (0)
2.5.7 Long-term trend period	N/A
2.5.8 Long term trend direction	9107
2.5.9 Area of suitable habitat (km ²)	
2.5.10 Reason for change	

2.6 Main Pressures

Pressure	ranking	pollution qualifer(s)
use of biocides, hormones and chemicals (A07)	high importance (H)	N/A
forestry clearance (B02.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
speleology (G01.04.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
Light pollution (H06.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) (M01.01)	high importance (H)	N/A

2.6.1 Method used – pressures based only on expert judgements (1)

2.7 Main Threats

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Threat	ranking	pollution qualifier(s)
use of biocides, hormones and chemicals (A07)	high importance (H)	N/A
forestry clearance (B02.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
speleology (G01.04.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
Light pollution (H06.02)	high importance (H)	N/A
temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) (M01.01)	high importance (H)	N/A

2.7.1 Method used – threats expert opinion (1)

2.8 Complementary Information

2.8.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

Kis mozgáskörzet, esetleges, hogy ott éppen mi a helyzet

2.8.2 Other relevant Information

2.8.3 Trans-boundary assessment

2.9 Conclusions (assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period)

2.9.1 Range assessment Favourable (FV)
qualifiers N/A

2.9.2. Population assessment Favourable (FV)
qualifiers N/A

2.9.3. Habitat assessment Unknown (XX)
qualifiers N/A

2.9.4. Future prospects assessment Favourable (FV)
qualifiers N/A

2.9.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status
Favourable (FV)

2.9.5 Overall trend in Conservation Status
N/A

3. Natura 2000 coverage and conservation measures - Annex II species

3.1 Population

3.1.1 Population Size Unit number of individuals (i)
min 1020 max 6000

3.1.2 Method used Estimate based on partial data with some extrapolation and/or modelling (2)

3.1.3 Trend of population size within N/A

3.2 Conversation Measures

3.2.1 Measure	3.2.2 Type	3.2.3 Ranking	3.2.4 Location	3.2.5 Broad Evaluation
Establish protected areas/sites (6.1)	Legal One-off	high importance (H)	Outside	Maintain
Other species management measures (7.0)	Recurrent One-off	high importance (H)	Both	Maintain Enhance Long term

Térképmelléklet az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke alapján készített országjelentéshez
2013.

Kis patkósdenevér

(*Rhinolophus hipposideros*)

II., IV. melléklet

