NATIONAL LEVEL		
1. General information		
1.1 Member State	ни	
1.2 Species code	4045	
1.3 Species scientific name	Coenagrion ornatum	
1.4 Alternative species scientific name		
1.5 Common name (in national language)	díszes légivadász	
2. Maps		

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
2.5 Additional maps	No

3. Information related to	Annex V Species (Art. 14)	
3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
<ul><li>3.2 Which of the measures in Art.</li><li>14 have been taken?</li></ul>	a) regulations regarding access to property	No
	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	No
	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No
	h) other measures	No

2019.11.26. 10:38:22 Page 1 of 7

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

#### a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

### **BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL**

### 4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

4.2 Sources of information

#### Pannonian (PAN)

Nemzeti Biodiverzitás-monitorozó Rendszer 2013-2018 közt végzett felméréseinek jelentései

Natura 2000 fenntartási tervek megalapozó adatgyűjtése 2013-1018

Ambrus A., Danyik T., Kovács T., Olajos P. (2018): Magyarország szitakötőinek kézikönyve (Handbook of the Damselflies and Dragonflies of Hungary). Természettár Könyvsorozat. Magyar Természettudományi Múzeum, Herman Ottó Nonprofit Kft., Budapest, 290 oldal

Haraszthy L., Sáfián Sz. (szerk.)(2016): Védett állatfajok elterjedési atlasza Vas, Zala és Somogy megye Natura 2000 területein / Distribution atlas of protected species of animals in Natura 2000 sites of Vas, Zala and Somogy Counties. Somogy Természetvédelmi Szervezet, Somogyfajsz, pp. 1-216. http://stvsz.com/wp-

content/uploads/2017/07/vedett\_allatfajok\_elterjedesi\_atlasza\_2016\_dig.pdf

Tóth Sándor (2016): Adatok a Felső-Kongó és a Füzes-erdő szitakötő (Odonata) faunájához. Folia Musei Historico-Naturalis Bakonyiensis, Zirc, 33: 93-98. http://bakonymuseum.nhmus.hu/kiadvanyok/FOLIA\_33.pdf

Szabó T., Müller Z., Gáspár Á., Juhász P., Ludányi M., Málnás K., Mihaliczu E., Olajos P., Polyák L. és Kiss B. (2018): Contribution to the Hungarian damselfly (Odonata: Zygoptera) fauna, based on nationwide surveys. – Folia Historico-Naturalia Musei Matriensis, Gyöngyös, 42: 15-70.

2019.11.26. 10:38:22 Page 2 of 7

http://www.matramuzeum.hu/e107\_plugins/docrep\_menu/docrep.php?0.view. 1508.120

Kovács T., Ambrus A. és Olajos P. (2017): Lárva és exuvium adatok Magyarország Odonata faunájához IV. – Folia Historico-Naturalia Musei Matraensis, Gyöngyös, 41: 17-23.

http://www.matramuzeum.hu/e107\_files/public/docrep/vol.41.\_2017/017\_024 \_Kovacs\_Odonataadatok\_41.pdf

### 5. Range

5.1 Surface area

13957

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

5.9 Long-term trend Method used 5.10 Favourable reference range

a) Area (km²)

b) Operator

Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown

d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

#### 5.12 Additional information

### 6. Population

6.1 Year or period

2013-2018

6.2 Population size (in reporting unit)

a) Unit

number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

244 d) Best single value

6.3 Type of estimate

Minimum

6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting

a) Unit

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value

6.5 Type of estimate

6.6 Population size Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

2019.11.26. 10:38:22 Page 3 of 7

6.7 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018 6.8 Short-term trend Direction Decreasing (-) 6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval 6.10 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data 6.11 Long-term trend Period 6.12 Long-term trend Direction 6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Confidence interval 6.14 Long-term trend Method used 6.15 Favourable reference a) Population size population (using the unit in 6.2 or b) Operator More than (>) 6.4)c) Unknown d) Method 6.16 Change and reason for change Improved knowledge/more accurate data in population size Use of different method The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data 6.17 Additional information 7. Habitat for the species 7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat No occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)? b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied Yes habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)? 7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data occupied habitat Method used 7.3 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018 7.4 Short-term trend Direction Uncertain (u) 7.5 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data 7.6 Long-term trend Period 7.7 Long-term trend Direction 7.8 Long-term trend Method used 7.9 Additional information

### 8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure Ranking

2019.11.26. 10:38:22 Page 4 of 7

or ground waters (A26)	
Modification of hydrological flow (K04)	Н
Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (L01)	M
Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	Н
Abstraction from groundwater, surface water or mixed water (K01)	M
Physical alteration of water bodies (K05)	M
Natural processes of eutrophication or acidification (L04)	M
Threat	Ranking
Agricultural activities generating diffuse pollution to surface or ground waters (A26)	M
	M H
or ground waters (A26)	
or ground waters (A26)  Modification of hydrological flow (K04)  Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out,	Н
or ground waters (A26)  Modification of hydrological flow (K04)  Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (L01)  Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate	H M
or ground waters (A26)  Modification of hydrological flow (K04)  Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (L01)  Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (N02)  Abstraction from groundwater, surface water or mixed water	H M
or ground waters (A26)  Modification of hydrological flow (K04)  Abiotic natural processes (e.g. erosion, silting up, drying out, submersion, salinization) (L01)  Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (N02)  Abstraction from groundwater, surface water or mixed water (K01)	H M H

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

### 9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures	a) Are measures needed?	Yes
	b) Indicate the status of measures	Measures identified, but none yet taken

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures Medium-term results (within the next two reporting periods, 2019-2030)

9.5 List of main conservation measures

Management of habitats (others than agriculture and forest) to slow, stop or reverse natural processes (CL01)

Reduce diffuse pollution to surface or ground waters from agricultural activities (CA11)

Manage drainage and irrigation operations and infrastructures in agriculture (CA15)

Reduce impact of multi-purpose hydrological changes (CJ02)

9.6 Additional information

2019.11.26. 10:38:22 Page 5 of 7

### 10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters

a) Range Poor

b) Population Poor

c) Habitat of the species Poor

10.2 Additional information

#### 11. Conclusions

11.1. Range

11.2. Population

11.3. Habitat for the species

11.4. Future prospects

11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

Favourable (FV)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unknown (x)

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status

Genuine

The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

11.8 Additional information

### 12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

a) Unit

number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value 143

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

Minimum

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

Decreasing (-)

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

12.6 Additional information

### 13. Complementary information

2019.11.26. 10:38:22 Page 6 of 7

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

2019.11.26. 10:38:22 Page 7 of 7

