NATIONAL LEVEL			
1. General information			
1.1 Member State	ни		
1.2 Species code	1413		
1.3 Species scientific name	Lycopodium spp.		
1.4 Alternative species scientific name	Lycopodium clavatum, L. annotium, Diphasium complanatum, Huperzia selago		
1.5 Common name (in national language)	korpafüvek		

2. Maps

2.1 Sensitive species	No
2.2 Year or period	2013-2018
2.3 Distribution map	Yes
2.4 Distribution map Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
2.5 Additional maps	No

3. Information related to Annex V Species (Art. 14)

5. Illiorination related to	Annex v Species (Art. 14)	
3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited?	No	
3.2 Which of the measures in Art. 14 have been taken?	a) regulations regarding access to property	No
	b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation	
	c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens	No
	d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations	No
	e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas	No
	f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens	No
	g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species	No

h) other measures

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No

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

b) Statistics/ quantity taken	Provide statistics/quantity per hunting season or per year (where season is not used) over the reporting period					
	Season/ year 1	Season/ year 2	Season/ year 3	Season/ year 4	Season/ year 5	Season/ year 6
Min. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Max. (raw, ie. not rounded)						
Unknown	No	No	No	No	No	No

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

4.2 Sources of information

Pannonian (PAN)

SZŰCS Péter és PÉNZESNÉ KÓNYA Erika (2015): A Lycopodium clavatum L. előfordulása az Egri-Bükkalján / Occurrence of Lycopodiumclavatum L. in 'Egri-Bükkalja' microregion (NE Hungary), Apró Közlemények, Kitaibelia 20 (1): 168–174.; 2015 DOI: 10.17542/kit.20.168

Virók V. – Farkas R. – Farkas T. – R. Šuvada – Vojtkó A. (szerk) (2016):A Gömör-Tornai-karszt flórája, Enumeráció – ANP Füzetek XIV., Aggteleki Nemzeti Park Igazgatóság

Vojtkó A. (2015):A zempléni Tájvédelmi Körzet 1:10 000 méretarányú vegetációtérképének elkészítése 97-132, 97-133, 97-134, 97-141, 97-143, 97-144 térképszelvényekre – kutatási jelentés, Aggteleki Nemzeti Park Igazgatóság

5. Range

5.1 Surface area

4465

5.2 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction

Uncertain (u)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude

a) Minimum

b) Maximum

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5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range

- a) Area (km²)
- b) Operator More than (>)
- c) Unknown
- d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

5.12 Additional information

Időszakos megtelepedésű, pionír faj, melynek kevés állandó megtelepedése van hazánkban. Szuboptimális környezeti feltételek között él nálunk a faj az ország jelentős részén, megjelenése elsősorban pionír, bolygatott felszíneken (útrézsű, magasfeszültségű nyiladék erdőszegélyek stb.) jellemző.

It is a pioneer species with some permanent sedentation in Hungary. The species lives under suboptimal environmental conditions in a significant part of the country, and the presence of it expected mainly on pionic, disturbed surfaces (road, high voltage openings, etc.).

6. Population

6.1 Year or period

2013-2018

6.2 Population size (in reporting unit)

- a) Unit
- number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)
- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value 168

6.3 Type of estimate

Best estimate

6.4 Additional population size (using population unit other than reporting unit)

- a) Unit
- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value

6.5 Type of estimate

6.6 Population size Method used

Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate

6.7 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

6.8 Short-term trend Direction

Decreasing (-)

6.9 Short-term trend Magnitude

- a) Minimum
- b) Maximum
- c) Confidence interval

6.10 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

6.11 Long-term trend Period

6.12 Long-term trend Direction

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6.13 Long-term trend Magnitude

- a) Minimum
- b) Maximum
- c) Confidence interval

6.14 Long-term trend Method used

6.15 Favourable reference population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4)

- a) Population size
- b) Operator More than (>)
- c) Unknown
- d) Method

6.16 Change and reason for change in population size

Genuine

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

Use of different method

The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

6.17 Additional information

7. Habitat for the species

7.1 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat

a) Are area and quality of occupied habitat sufficient (for long-term survival)?

No

b) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied habitat of suitable quality (for long-term survival)?

Unknown

7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.3 Short-term trend Period

2007-2018

7.4 Short-term trend Direction

Decreasing (-)

7.5 Short-term trend Method used

Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

7.6 Long-term trend Period

7.7 Long-term trend Direction

7.8 Long-term trend Method used

7.9 Additional information

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure	Ranking
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Н
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	Н
Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (LO2)	Н
Temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) due to climate change (N01)	Н

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Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	Н
Management of fishing stocks and game (G08)	M
Threat	Ranking
Logging (excluding clear cutting) of individual trees (B06)	Н
Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09)	Н
Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (LO2)	Н
Temperature changes (e.g. rise of temperature & extremes) due to climate change (N01)	Н
Droughts and decreases in precipitation due to climate change (NO2)	Н
Management of fishing stocks and game (G08)	M

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures

a) Are measures needed?

No

b) Indicate the status of measures

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures

9.5 List of main conservation measures

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters

a) Range

Poor

b) Population

Poor

c) Habitat of the species

Door

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.2. Population Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.3. Habitat for the species Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

11.4. Future prospects Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

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11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Deteriorating (-)

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

- 12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)
- 12.2 Type of estimate
- 12.3 Population size inside the network Method used
- 12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction
- 12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used
- 12.6 Additional information

- a) Unit
- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value

13. Complementary information

- 13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends
- 13.2 Trans-boundary assessment
- 13.3 Other relevant Information

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