| | NATIONAL LEVEL |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. General information | |
| 1.1 Member State | ни |
| 1.2 Species code | 1056 |
| 1.3 Species scientific name | Parnassius mnemosyne |
| 1.4 Alternative species scientific name | |
| 1.5 Common name (in national language) | kis Apolló-lepke |
| 2. Maps | |

| 2.1 Sensitive species | No |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2.2 Year or period | 2010-2018 |
| 2.3 Distribution map | Yes |
| 2.4 Distribution map Method used | Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data |
| 2.5 Additional maps | No |

| 3. Information related to | Annex V Species (Art. 14) | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 3.1 Is the species taken in the wild/exploited? | No | |
| 3.2 Which of the measures in Art. | a) regulations regarding access to property | No |
| 14 have been taken? | b) temporary or local prohibition of the taking of specimens in the wild and exploitation | No |
| | c) regulation of the periods and/or methods of taking specimens | No |
| | d) application of hunting and fishing rules which take account of the conservation of such populations | No |
| | e) establishment of a system of licences for taking specimens or of quotas | No |
| | f) regulation of the purchase, sale, offering for sale, keeping for sale or transport for sale of specimens | No |
| | g) breeding in captivity of animal species as well as artificial propagation of plant species | No |
| | | |

h) other measures

2019.11.27. 11:38:32 Page 1 of 7

No

3.3 Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild for Mammals and Acipenseridae (Fish)

a) Unit

| b) Statistics/ quantity taken | | statistics/o ere seaso | | - | - | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | Season/ year 1 | Season/ year 2 | Season/ year 3 | Season/ year 4 | Season/ year 5 | Season/ year 6 |
| Min. (raw, ie. not rounded) | | | | | | |
| Max. (raw, ie. not rounded) | | | | | | |
| Unknown | No | No | No | No | No | No |

3.4. Hunting bag or quantity taken in the wild Method used

3.5. Additional information

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

4. Biogeographical and marine regions

4.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the species occurs

4.2 Sources of information

Pannonian (PAN)

Haraszthy L. (szerk.) (2014): Natura 2000 fajok és élőhelyek Magyarországon. ProVértes Közalapítvány, Csákvár, 955 pp.

A Nemzeti Biodiverzitás-monitorozó Rendszer 2013-2018 időszakban végzett felméréseinek jelentései

Natura 2000 fenntartási tervek megalapozó adatai

http://stvsz.com/wp-

content/uploads/2017/07/vedett_allatfajok_elterjedesi_atlasza_2016_dig.pdf Gergely P., Gór Á., Hudák T., Ilonczai Z., Szombathelyi E. (2017): Nappali lepkéink – Határozó terepre és természetfotókhoz / A Field Guide to the Butterflies of Hungary. Kitaibel Kiadó, pp. 1-264.

VOZÁR Á., KOCSIS M. (2014): Védett lepkefajok előfordulásai, állományai a Heves–Borsodi-dombság területén. – In: DICZHÁZI I. & SCHMOTZER A. (eds): Apoka. A Heves–Borsodi-dombság és az Upponyi-hegység élővilága. Bükki Nemzeti Park Igazgatóság, Eger, pp., 97-114 pp.

KOZMA P: (2014): Adatok a Hevesi-sík nagylepkefaunájának ismeretéhez (Macrolepidoptera). – In: SCHMOTZER A. (eds): Szikfok. Dél-hevesi tanulmányok. Bükki Nemzeti Park Igazgatóság, Eger, pp., 97-116 pp.

Szigeti V.; Harnos A.; Kőrösi Á.; Bella M.; Kis J. (2015) – Kis Apolló-lepkék (Parnassius mnemosyne) élőhelyhasználata nektárforrásuk és lárvális tápnövényük függvényében; Természetvédelmi Közlemények; Vol. 21.; 311-320 pp.

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/320596716_A_KIS_APOLLOLEPKE_PARNASSIUS_MNEMOSYNE_POPULACIO_BECSLESE_JELOLES-VISSZAFOGAS_MODSZERREL

K. PECSENYE – J. P. TÓTH – J. BERECZKI – N. SZOLNOKI – ZOLTÁN VARGA. (2016):

2019.11.27. 11:38:32 Page 2 of 7

Genetic structure of Parnassius mnemosyne (Lepidoptera: Papilionidae) populations in the Carpathian Basin. Organisms Diversity & Evolution 16 (4). https://www.izeltlabuak.hu/faj/kis-apollo-lepke/talalatok (Licenc: CC BY 4.0)

5. Range

5.1 Surface area 26528

5.2 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018

5.3 Short-term trend Direction Stable (0)

5.4 Short-term trend Magnitude b) Maximum a) Minimum

5.5 Short-term trend Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

5.6 Long-term trend Period

5.7 Long-term trend Direction

5.8 Long-term trend Magnitude b) Maximum a) Minimum

5.9 Long-term trend Method used

5.10 Favourable reference range a) Area (km²)

> b) Operator Approximately equal to (≈)

c) Unknown

d) Method

5.11 Change and reason for change in surface area of range

Improved knowledge/more accurate data

The change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data

5.12 Additional information

6. Population

2013-2018 6.1 Year or period

6.2 Population size (in reporting unit) a) Unit number of map 1x1 km grid cells (grids1x1)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value 1070

6.3 Type of estimate Minimum

6.4 Additional population size (using a) Unit population unit other than reporting b) Minimum unit)

c) Maximum

d) Best single value

6.5 Type of estimate

6.6 Population size Method used Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data

6.7 Short-term trend Period 2007-2018

6.8 Short-term trend Direction Stable (0)

> 2019.11.27. 11:38:32 Page 3 of 7

| | A DJ |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| b) | Minimum Maximum |
| c) | Confidence interval |
| 6.10 Short-term trend Method used Ba | ased mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data |
| 6.11 Long-term trend Period | |
| 6.12 Long-term trend Direction | |
| b) | Minimum Maximum Confidence interval |
| 6.14 Long-term trend Method used | |
| population (using the unit in 6.2 or 6.4) |) Population size) Operator Approximately equal to (≈)) Unknown) Method |
| | mproved knowledge/more accurate data Use of different method |
| 6.17 Additional information | he change is mainly due to: Improved knowledge/more accurate data |
| 7. Habitat for the species | |
| |) Are area and quality of occupied habitat Yes ufficient (for long-term survival)? |
| h |) Is there a sufficiently large area of unoccupied abitat of suitable quality (for long-term urvival)? |
| 7.2 Sufficiency of area and quality of occupied habitat Method used | ased mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data |
| 7.3 Short-term trend Period 2 | 007-2018 |
| | |
| 7.4 Short-term trend Direction U | Incertain (u) |
| | ased mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data |
| | |
| 7.5 Short-term trend Method used | |
| 7.5 Short-term trend Method used7.6 Long-term trend Period | |

8. Main pressures and threats

8.1 Characterisation of pressures/threats

Pressure Ranking

Conversion to other types of forests including monocultures (B02)

2019.11.27. 11:38:32 Page 4 of 7

| Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) | M |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04) | M |
| Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05) | Н |
| Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09) | M |
| Tillage practices in forestry and other soil management practices in forestry (B17) | Н |
| Management of fishing stocks and game (G08) | M |
| Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (IO2) | M |
| Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry practices) (LO2) | M |
| Other forestry activities, excluding those relating to agroforestry (B29) | M |
| Threat | Ranking |
| | |
| Conversion to other types of forests including monocultures (B02) | M |
| | M |
| (B02) Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical | |
| (B02) Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) | М |
| (B02) Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04) | M M |
| (B02) Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04) Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05) | M M H |
| (B02) Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04) Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05) Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09) Tillage practices in forestry and other soil management | M H M |
| (B02) Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04) Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05) Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09) Tillage practices in forestry and other soil management practices in forestry (B17) | M H M H |
| Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04) Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05) Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09) Tillage practices in forestry and other soil management practices in forestry (B17) Management of fishing stocks and game (G08) Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union | M M H M H |
| Replanting with or introducing non-native or non-typical species (including new species and GMOs) (B03) Abandonment of traditional forest management (B04) Logging without replanting or natural regrowth (B05) Clear-cutting, removal of all trees (B09) Tillage practices in forestry and other soil management practices in forestry (B17) Management of fishing stocks and game (G08) Other invasive alien species (other then species of Union concern) (I02) Natural succession resulting in species composition change (other than by direct changes of agricultural or forestry | M M H M H M M |

8.2 Sources of information

8.3 Additional information

9. Conservation measures

9.1 Status of measures

a) Are measures needed?

No

b) Indicate the status of measures

9.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

9.3 Location of the measures taken

9.4 Response to the measures

9.5 List of main conservation measures

9.6 Additional information

10. Future prospects

10.1 Future prospects of parameters

a) Range Good

b) Population Good

c) Habitat of the species Poor

10.2 Additional information

11. Conclusions

11.1. Range

11.2. Population

11.3. Habitat for the species

11.4. Future prospects

11.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status

11.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status

11.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend

Favourable (FV)

Favourable (FV)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Unfavourable - Inadequate (U1)

Stable (=)

a) Overall assessment of conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

b) Overall trend in conservation status

No change

The change is mainly due to:

11.8 Additional information

12. Natura 2000 (pSCIs, SCIs and SACs) coverage for Annex II species

12.1 Population size inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network (on the biogeographical/marine level including all sites where the species is present)

12.2 Type of estimate

12.3 Population size inside the network Method used

12.4 Short-term trend of population size within the network Direction

- a) Unit
- b) Minimum
- c) Maximum
- d) Best single value

2019.11.27. 11:38:32 Page 6 of 7

12.5 Short-term trend of population size within the network Method used

12.6 Additional information

13. Complementary information

13.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends

13.2 Trans-boundary assessment

13.3 Other relevant Information

2019.11.27. 11:38:32 Page 7 of 7

Az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke alapján készített országjelentés 2019

