

speciesname *Hyla arborea* fajnév **Levelibéka**
 melléklet **IV** speciescode **1203**

2.2 Published sources and/or websites

Bakó B., Fábíán M., Nagy P., Sárospataki M. (2000): Zoological investigations on some vertebrate taxa in MATRA 2000 project. Poste VI. International Conference on „Culture and Environment”, October 26-28. 2000, Banska Stiavnica, Slovakia.
 Gubányi A. (1999): Amphibians and reptiles from the Aggtelek-karst region. The fauna of the Aggtelek Nat. Park. pp. 655-662.
 Hegyessy G. (2006): Adatok Magyarország északkeleti részének gerinces állatairól (Vertebrata). -- I. Ingólák (Petromyzontiformes), h: Pisces), kétélűek (Amphibia), hüllők (Reptilia). A Herman Ottó Múzeum Évkönyve (Annales Musei Miskolciensis de Herman Ottó nominati) 45: 499--521.
 Kiss I., Babocsay G., Bakó B., Dankovics R., Kovács T., Szénási V. (2006): A Nemzeti Biodiverzitás-monitorozó Rendszer keretein belül végzendő „Kétélűek és hüllők monitorozása a NBmR keretein belül 2004-2006.” NBmR jelentés. KvVM, Budapest, p. 97.
 Marián M. (1988): A Bakony hegység kétélű és hüllőfaunája. A Bakony természettudományi kutatásainak eredményei XX. 105 p.
 Solti B. & Varga A. (1988): Kétélű és hüllő adatok Magyarországról. Fol. Hist.-nat. Mus. Matr. 13. pp.113-116.
 Varga A. (1995): Kétélű és hüllő adatok Magyarországról II. Fol. Hist.-nat. Mus. Matr. 20. pp. 209-216.

Range

2.3.1 Surface range of the species in km2 10347,3
 2.3.2 Date of range determination 2006
 2.3.3 Quality of data concerning range Poor e.g. based on very incomplete data or o
 2.3.4 Range trend Decreasing (-)
 2.3.5 Range trend magnitude in km2 (optional)
 2.3.6 Range trend period 1980-2006
 2.3.7 range-reasons

Climate change
Direct human influence (restoration, deterioration, destruction)
Improved knowledge/more accurate data
Natural processes

and/or specify

Population

2.4.1 Population size estimation (minimum) 205
 2.4.1 Population size estimation (maximum) 205
 2.4.1 Population units Number of localities
 2.4.2 Date of population estimation 2006
 2.4.3 Population-methods
 2.4.4 Quality of population data Poor e.g. based on ver
 2.4.5 Population trend Decreasing (-)
 2.4.6 Population trend magnitude (km2)
 2.4.7 Population trend period 1980-2006
 2.4.8 Population-reasons

Climate change
Direct human influence (restoration, deterioration, destruction)
Indirect anthro(zoo)genic influence
Natural processes

and/or specify

2.4.10 Population-pressures

401 - continuous urbanisation
502 - roads, motorways
701 - water pollution
803 - infilling of ditches, dykes, ponds, pools, marshes or pits
920 Drying out

2.4.11 Population-threats

401 - continuous urbanisation
502 - roads, motorways
701 - water pollution
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Habitat

2.5.1 Habitats for the species

2.5.2 Area estimation (km2)

10347,3

2.5.3 Date of estimation

2006

2.5.4 Quality of the data

Poor e.g. based on very incomplete data

2.5.5 Trend of the habitat

Stable (=)

2.5.6 Trend period

1980-2006

2.5.7 Habitat-reasons

Climate change
Direct human influence (restoration, deterioration, destruction)
Indirect anthropo(zoo)genic influence
Natural processes

Other (specify)

Reference values

2.6 Future prospects for the species

Poor prospects - species likely to struggle

2.7.1 Favourable reference range (km2)

10347,3

Qualifier

2.7.2 Favourable reference population

205

Qualifier

2.7.3 Suitable habitat for the species

10347,3

2.7.4 Other relevant information (optional)

Conclusions

Conclusions: (2.3) Range

Inadequate (U1)

Conclusions: (2.4) Population

Inadequate (U1)

Conclusions: (2.5) Habitat for the species

Favourable (FV)

Conclusions: (2.6) Future prospects

Inadequate (U1)

Conclusions: Overall assessment

Inadequate (U1)

Térképmelléklet az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke alapján készített országjelentéshez 2007.

Levelibéka (*Hyla arborea*)
IV. melléklet

