

# Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

## 1. Species information

1.1 Member State	Hungary
1.2 Species code	A459
1.3 EURING code	5927
1.4 Species scientific name	Larus cachinnans
1.5 Subspecific population	
1.6 Alternative species scientific name	
1.7 Common name	sztyeppi sirály
1.8 Season	Breeding (B)

## 2. Population size

2.1 Year or period	2015-2017
2.2 Population size	a) Unit                      number of pairs (p) b) Minimum                105 c) Maximum                159 d) Best single value
2.3 Type of estimate	Best estimate
2.4 Population size Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
2.5 Sources	National park directorates' databases (Annual survey of colonially breeding and strictly protected bird species) <a href="http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2">http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2</a>
2.6 Change and reason for change (since previous report)	Genuine change The change is mainly due to:    Genuine change
2.7 Additional information	

## 3. Population trend

### 3.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

3.1.1 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018
3.1.2 Short-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
3.1.3 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Best single value        489
3.1.4 Short-term trend Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
3.1.5 Sources	MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. p. 278. National park directorates' databases (Annual survey of colonially breeding and strictly protected bird species) <a href="http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2">http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2</a>

### 3.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

## Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

3.2.1 Long-term trend Period	1996-2018
3.2.2 Long-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
3.2.3 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Best single value 12700
3.2.4 Long-term Trend Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
3.2.5 Sources	MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. p. 278. National park directorates' databases (Annual survey of colonially breeding and strictly protected bird species) <a href="http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2">http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2</a>
3.3 Additional information	First breeding in 1996. The maximum value provided by MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008) (27 pairs), which characterised the situation around 2007, was compared to the maximum population figure in the present report to get the best single value for the short-term trend. The population of 1 pair in 1996 was compared to the mean of the years 2015-2017 (128) to get the best single value for the long-term trend.

### 4. Breeding distribution map and size

4.1 Sensitive species	No
4.2 Year or period	2014-2018
4.3 Breeding distribution map	Yes
4.4 Breeding distribution surface area	600
4.5 Breeding distribution Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
4.6 Additional maps	No
4.7 Sources	National park directorates' databases (Annual survey of colonially breeding and strictly protected bird species) <a href="http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2">http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2</a>
4.8 Additional information	

### 5. Breeding range trend

#### 5.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

5.1.1 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018
5.1.2 Short-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
5.1.3 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Best single value 300
5.1.4 Short-term trend Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
5.1.5 Sources	National park directorates' databases (Annual survey of colonially breeding and strictly protected bird species) <a href="http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2">http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2</a>

#### 5.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

## Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

5.2.1 Long-term trend Period	1996-2018
5.2.2 Long-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
5.2.3 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum b) Maximum c) Best single value
5.2.4 Long-term trend Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
5.2.5 Sources	MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. p. 278. National park directorates' databases (Annual survey of colonially breeding and strictly protected bird species) <a href="http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2">http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2</a>
5.3 Additional information	First breeding in 1996. The only breeding site known in the early 2000s was the Hortobágyi Fishponds according to MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008), and this was compared with the four grids in the 2013-2018 period in <a href="http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2">http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2</a> which includes the national park directorates' databases.

## 6. Progress in work related to international Species Action Plans (SAPs), Management Plans (MPs) and Brief Management Statements (BMSs)

6.0 Is/Will the information related to international SAPs, MPs and BMSs (section 6) be provided for the other season for this species?	No
6.1 Type of international plan	No plan (NA)
6.2 Has a national plan linked to the international SAP/MP/BMS been adopted?	No
6.3 If 'NO', describe any measures and initiatives taken related to the international SAP/MP/BMS	
6.4 Assessment of the effectiveness of SAPs for globally threatened species (Art. 12, Species Action Plans)	()
6.5 Assessment of the effectiveness of MPs for huntable species in non-Secure status (Articles 3 and 7, Management Plans)	()
6.6 Sources of further Information	

## 7. Main pressures and threats

## Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

7.2 Sources of information

7.3 Additional information

### 8. Main Conservation Measures

8.1 Status of measures

8.2 Main purpose of the measures taken

8.3 Location of the measures

8.4 Response to the measures

8.6 Additional information

### 9. Natura 2000 (SPAs) coverage

9.1 Population size inside the Natura 2000 (SPA) network

a) Unit number of pairs (p)

b) Minimum

c) Maximum

d) Best single value

9.2 Type of estimate

9.3 Population size inside the network  
Method used

9.4 Short-term trend of population size within  
the network Direction

9.5 Short-term trend of population size within  
the network Method used

9.6 Additional information

## Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

### 10. Information related to Annex II species (Art.7)

10.0 Is/Will the information related to Annex II species (section 10) be provided for the other season for this species?

No

10.1 Is the species nationally hunted?

No

10.2 Hunting bag

a) Unit

number of individuals (i)

b) Statistics/  
quantity  
taken

*Provide statistics per hunting season or per year ( where season is not used) over the reporting period.*

Season/ Year 1	Season/ Year 2	Season/ Year 3	Season/ Year 4	Season/ Year 5	Season/ Year 6
No	No	No	No	No	No

10.3 Hunting bag Method used

10.4 Additional information

# A madárvédelmi irányelv 12. cikke alapján készített országjelentés 2019.

Sztyeppi sirály (*Larus cachinnans*)  
nem jelölő faj

