

Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

1. Species information

1.1 Member State	Hungary
1.2 Species code	A048
1.3 EURING code	1730
1.4 Species scientific name	Tadorna tadorna
1.5 Subspecific population	
1.6 Alternative species scientific name	
1.7 Common name	bütykös ásólúd
1.8 Season	Breeding (B)

2. Population size

2.1 Year or period	2013-2018
2.2 Population size	a) Unit number of pairs (p) b) Minimum 15 c) Maximum 38 d) Best single value
2.3 Type of estimate	Best estimate
2.4 Population size Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
2.5 Sources	Expert opinions National Park Directorates' databases
2.6 Change and reason for change (since previous report)	Genuine change The change is mainly due to: Genuine change

2.7 Additional information

3. Population trend

3.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

3.1.1 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018
3.1.2 Short-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
3.1.3 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum 200 b) Maximum 280 c) Best single value
3.1.4 Short-term trend Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
3.1.5 Sources	Expert opinions MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. P. 278. National Park Directorates' databases http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2 http://www.termeszetvedelem.hu/_user/browser/File/Natura2000/BD_12_jelentes_2013_anyagai/Tadorna_tadorna.pdf

3.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

3.2.1 Long-term trend Period	1996-2018
3.2.2 Long-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
3.2.3 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum 1400 b) Maximum 3700 c) Best single value
3.2.4 Long-term Trend Method used	Based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data
3.2.5 Sources	Expert opinion Hadarics T. (1996): Bütykös ásólúd (<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>) fészkelése Magyarországon. Breeding of Shelduck in Hungary. Túzok 1. (3), p. MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. P. 278. National Park Directorates' databases http://map.mme.hu/ http://www.termeszetvedelem.hu/_user/browser/File/Natura2000/BD_12_jelentes_2013_anyagai/Tadorna_tadorna.pdf
3.3 Additional information	Short-term trend is increasing. According to MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008) and national report (2013) the baseline was 2007 (5-10), to what the current values (15-38) were compared to. First breeding in 1996. Long-term trend is increasing.

4. Breeding distribution map and size

4.1 Sensitive species	No
4.2 Year or period	2013-2018
4.3 Breeding distribution map	Yes
4.4 Breeding distribution surface area	913
4.5 Breeding distribution Method used	Complete survey or a statistically robust estimate
4.6 Additional maps	No
4.7 Sources	http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2
4.8 Additional information	

5. Breeding range trend

5.1 Short-term trend (last 12 years)

5.1.1 Short-term trend Period	2007-2018
5.1.2 Short-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
5.1.3 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum 50 b) Maximum 100 c) Best single value
5.1.4 Short-term trend Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
5.1.5 Sources	Expert opinions MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. P. 278. National Park Directorates' databases http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2

Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

http://www.termeszetvedelem.hu/_user/browser/File/Natura2000/BD_12_jelentes_2013_anyagai/Tadorna_tadorna.pdf

5.2 Long-term trend (since c. 1980)

5.2.1 Long-term trend Period	1996-2018
5.2.2 Long-term trend Direction	Increasing (+)
5.2.3 Long-term trend Magnitude	a) Minimum 100 b) Maximum 100 c) Best single value 100
5.2.4 Long-term trend Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
5.2.5 Sources	Expert opinions Hadarics T. (1996): Bütykös ásólúd (Tadorna tadorna) fészkelése Magyarországon. Breeding of Shelduck in Hungary. Túzok 1. (3), p. MME Nomenclator Bizottság (2008): Magyarország madarainak névjegyzéke. Nomenclator avium Hungariae. Magyar Madártani és Természetvédelmi Egyesület, Budapest. P. 278. National Park Directorates' databases http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2 http://www.termeszetvedelem.hu/_user/browser/File/Natura2000/BD_12_jelentes_2013_anyagai/Tadorna_tadorna.pdf

5.3 Additional information

6. Progress in work related to international Species Action Plans (SAPs), Management Plans (MPs) and Brief Management Statements (BMSs)

6.0 Is/Will the information related to international SAPs, MPs and BMSs (section 6) be provided for the other season for this species?	No
6.1 Type of international plan	No plan (NA)
6.2 Has a national plan linked to the international SAP/MP/BMS been adopted?	No
6.3 If 'NO', describe any measures and initiatives taken related to the international SAP/MP/BMS	
6.4 Assessment of the effectiveness of SAPs for globally threatened species (Art. 12, Species Action Plans)	()
6.5 Assessment of the effectiveness of MPs for huntable species in non-Secure status (Articles 3 and 7, Management Plans)	()
6.6 Sources of further Information	

Annex B - Bird Species' status and trends report (Article 12)

9.2 Type of estimate

9.3 Population size inside the network
Method used

9.4 Short-term trend of population size within
the network Direction

9.5 Short-term trend of population size within
the network Method used

9.6 Additional information

A madárvédelmi irányelv 12. cikke alapján készített országjelentés 2019.

Bütykös ásólúd (*Tadorna tadorna*)
nem jelölő faj

