

PART D - REPORT FORMAT ON THE 'MAIN RESULTS OF THE SURVEILLANCE UNDER ARTICLE 17' FOR ANNEX I HABITAT TYPES OF DIRECTIVE 92/43/EEC

NATIONAL LEVEL

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Member State	HU
1.2 Habitat code	6260

2. MAPS

Distribution of the habitat type within the Member State concerned

2.1 Year or period	2019–2024
2.2 Distribution map	Yes
2.3 Distribution map Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
2.4 Additional maps (Optional)	–
2.5 Additional information (Optional)	–

BIOGEOGRAPHICAL LEVEL

3. BIOGEOGRAPHICAL AND MARINE REGIONS

3.1 Biogeographical or marine region where the habitat occurs	Pannonian
3.2 First time reporting	No
3.3 Additional information	–
3.4 Sources of information	Monitoring reports of Habitat Mapping (2019-2024) in the frame of the Hungarian Biodiversity Monitoring System Monitoring reports of structure and function monitoring of the habitats (2019-2024) in the frame of the Hungarian Biodiversity Monitoring System Natura 2000 management plans, including habitat maps (2019-2024)

4. RANGE

Range within the biogeographical/marine region concerned

4.1 Surface area (km ²)	34183
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4.2 Change and reason for change in surface area of range and main reason	Is there a change between reporting periods?	
	yes, due to improved knowledge/more accurate data yes, due to other reasons	
4.3 Short-term trend Period	The change is mainly due to:	
	improved knowledge or more accurate data	
4.4 Short-term trend Direction	uncertain	
4.5 Short-term trend Magnitude (Optional)	a) Estimated Minimum	–
	b) Estimated Maximum	–
	c) Pre-defined range	–
	d) Unknown	Unknown
4.6 Short-term trend Magnitude Type of estimate (Optional)	–	
4.7 Short-term trend Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data	
4.8 Long-term trend Period (Optional)	–	
4.9 Long-term trend Direction (Optional)	–	
4.10 Long-term trend Magnitude (Optional)	a) Minimum	–
	b) Maximum	–
4.11 Long-term trend Method used (Optional)	–	
4.12 Favourable reference range	a) –	
	b) <i>if a precise favourable reference range is unknown Indicate if the range is:</i> approximately equal to the favourable reference range (less than 2% smaller)	
	c) –	
	d) <i>Indicate method used to set reference value (multiple methods can be chosen)</i>	<i>Indicate the quality of information available:</i>
Expert opinion		
4.13 Range when Directive came into force (Optional)	–	

4.14 Additional information (Optional)	–
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5. AREA COVERED BY HABITAT

Area covered by the habitat type within the range in the biogeographical/marine region concerned

5.1 Year or period	2019–2024	
5.2 Surface area (in km ²)	a) Minimum	350
	b) Maximum	420
	c) Best single value	–
5.3 Type of estimate	Best estimate	
5.4 Surface area Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data	
5.5 Change and reason for change in surface area and main reason	Is there a change between reporting periods?	
	yes, due to genuine change yes, due to improved knowledge/more accurate data	
	The change is mainly due to: improved knowledge or more accurate data	
5.6 Short-term trend Period	2013–2024	
5.7 Short-term trend Direction	uncertain	
5.8 Short-term trend Magnitude	a) Estimated Minimum	–
	b) Estimated Maximum	–
	c) Pre-defined range	-
	d) Unknown	Unknown
5.9 Short-term trend Magnitude Type of estimate	Best estimate	
5.10 Short-term trend Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data	
5.11 Long-term trend Period (Optional)	–	
5.12 Long-term trend Direction (Optional)	–	
5.13 Long-term trend	a) Minimum	–

Magnitude (Optional)	b) Maximum	–	
	c) Confidence interval	–	
5.14 Long-term trend Method used (Optional)	–		
5.15 Favourable reference area	a) –		
	b) <i>if a precise favourable reference area is unknown Indicate if the <u>area</u> is:</i> between 2% and 10% smaller than the FRA		
	c) <i>Indicate if favourable reference area is unknown</i> –		
	d) <i>Indicate method used to set reference value (multiple methods can be chosen)</i>	<i>Indicate the quality of information available:</i>	
	Expert opinion		
5.16 Surface area when Directive came into force (Optional)	–		
5.17 Additional information (Optional)	–		

6. STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS

6.1 Condition of habitat	a) Area in good condition	Minimum	120 km ²
		Maximum	180 km ²
	b) Area in not-good condition	Minimum	230 km ²
		Maximum	240 km ²
	c) Area where condition is not known	Minimum	0
		Maximum	0
6.2 Condition of habitat Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data		
6.3 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition Period	2013–2024		
6.4 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition Direction	decreasing		
6.5 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data		
6.6 Typical species	<i>Has the list of typical species changed in comparison to the previous reporting period?</i> No <i>If yes, provide the updated list as an additional spreadsheet and fill field 6.7</i>		

6.7 Typical species Method used (Optional)	–
6.8 Additional information (Optional)	–

7. MAIN PRESSURES AND THREATS

7.1 Characterisation of pressures

Pressure	Timing	Scope (proportion of area affected)	Influence (on area or habitat condition)	Invasive alien species of Union concern	Other invasive alien species
PA01 Agriculture - Conversion into agricultural land	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	High influence		
PA02 Agriculture - Conversion from one type of agricultural land use to another	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	High influence		
PA05 Agriculture - Abandonment of management/use of grasslands and other agricultural and agroforestry systems	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	Medium influence		
PA07 Agriculture - Intensive grazing or overgrazing by livestock	ongoing and likely to be in the future	majority 50 – 90%	High influence		
PA08 Agriculture - Extensive grazing or undergrazing by livestock	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	Medium influence		
PB01 Forestry - Conversion to forest from other land uses, or afforestation	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	High influence		
PC01 Extraction - Extraction of minerals	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	Medium influence		
PF01 Infrastructure - Conversion from other land uses to built-up areas	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	High influence		

PF05 Infrastructure - Sports, tourism and leisure activities	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	High influence		
PG09 Species exploitation - Management of fishing stocks and game	ongoing and likely to be in the future	majority 50 – 90%	Medium influence		
PH08 Safety - Other human intrusions or disturbance not mentioned above	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	High influence		
PI01 Problematic species - Invasive alien species of Union concern	ongoing and likely to be in the future	majority 50 – 90%	High influence	<i>Asclepias syriaca</i> <i>Ailanthus</i> <i>altissima</i>	
PI02 Problematic species - Other invasive alien species (other than species of Union concern)	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	High influence		<i>Amorpha fruticosa</i> <i>Aster spp.</i> <i>Celtis occidentalis</i> <i>Eleagnus</i> <i>angustifolia</i> <i>Padus serotina</i> <i>Pinus nigra</i> <i>Robinia</i> <i>pseudoacacia</i> <i>Solidago spp.</i> <i>Sporobolus</i> <i>cryptandrus</i>
PI03 Problematic species - Problematic native species	ongoing and likely to be in the future	minority <50%	Medium influence		
PJ01 Climate change - Temperature changes and extremes	ongoing and likely to be in the future	majority 50 – 90%	Medium influence		
PJ03 Climate change - Changes in precipitation regimes	ongoing and likely to be in the future	whole >90%	High influence		
PM07 Natural - Natural processes without direct or indirect influence from human activities or climate change	ongoing and likely to be in the future	majority 50 – 90%	Medium influence		
7.2 Methods used (Optional)	–				
7.3 Sources of information (Optional)	–				
7.4 Additional information (Optional)	–				

8. CONSERVATION MEASURES

8.1 Status of measures	<p><i>Are measures needed?</i> Yes <i>Status of measures:</i> Part of measures identified have been taken</p>
8.2 Scope of measures taken	<50%
8.3 Main purpose of the measures taken	<p>A. Indicate the main purpose(s) of measures taken: Maintain the current range, surface area or structure and functions of the habitat type Increase the surface area of the habitat type (related to 'Area covered by habitat') Restore the structure and functions, including the status of typical species (related to 'Specific structure and functions')</p> <p>B. The main (primary) purpose: increase habitat area</p>
8.4 Location of the measures taken	Only inside Natura 2000
8.5 Response to the measures (when the measures start to neutralize the pressure(s) and produce positive effects)	Medium-term response (within the next two reporting periods, 2025–2036)

8.6 List of main conservation measures	MA01 – Prevent conversion of natural and semi-natural habitats, and habitats of species into agricultural land MA03 – Maintain existing extensive agricultural practices and agricultural landscape features MA04 – Reinstate appropriate agricultural practices to address abandonment, including mowing, grazing, burning or equivalent measures MA05 – Adapt mowing, grazing and other equivalent agricultural activities (e.g. burning) MB01 – Prevent conversion of (semi-) natural habitats into forests and of (semi-) natural forests into intensive forest plantation MF03 – Reduce impact of outdoor sports, leisure and recreational activities (incl. restoration of habitats) MH01 – Reduce impact of military installations and activities MH02 – Adapt/maintain military activities MH03 – Reduce impact of other specific human activities MI01 – Early detection and rapid eradication of invasive alien species of Union concern MI02 – Management, control or eradication of established invasive alien species of Union concern MI03 – Management, control or eradication of other invasive alien species MI04 – Restoration of habitats affected by invasive alien species (incl. of Union concern and others) MI05 – Management of problematic native species MJ02 – Implement climate change adaptation measures MG03 – Reducing the impact of (re-) stocking for fishing and hunting, of artificial feeding and predator control MM01 – Management of habitats (others than agriculture and forest) to slow, stop or reverse natural processes that occur without direct or indirect influence from human activities or climate change MS01 – Reinforce populations of species from the directives
8.7 Additional information (Optional)	–

9. FUTURE PROSPECTS

9.1 Future prospects of parameters	a) Range	Poor
	b) Area	Poor
	c) Structure and functions	Poor
9.2 Additional information (Optional)	–	

10. CONCLUSIONS

Assessment of conservation status at end of reporting period

10.1 Range	Favourable (FV)
10.2 Area	Inadequate (U1)
10.3 Specific structure and functions (incl. typical species)	Bad (U2)

10.4 Future prospects	Inadequate (U1)	
10.5 Overall assessment of Conservation Status	Bad (U2)	
10.6 Overall trend in Conservation Status	unknown	
10.7 Change and reasons for change in conservation status and conservation status trend	Overall assessment of conservation status (10.5)	
	<i>Indicate whether there is a change from the previous reporting round and (if yes) the nature of that change. More than one option (a to f) can be chosen.</i>	no, there is no difference
	<i>The change is mainly due to (select only one option):</i>	
	Overall trend in conservation status (10.6)	
	<i>Indicate whether there is a change from the previous reporting round and (if yes) the nature of that change. More than one option (b to f) can be chosen.</i>	yes, due to improved knowledge/more accurate data
	<i>The change is mainly due to (select only one option):</i>	improved knowledge or more accurate data
10.8 Additional information (Optional)		

11. NATURA 2000 (PROPOSED SITES OF COMMUNITY IMPORTANCE (PSCIs), SITES OF COMMUNITY IMPORTANCE (SCIs) AND SPECIAL AREAS OF CONSERVATION (SACs) COVERAGE FOR ANNEX I HABITAT TYPES OF DIRECTIVE 92/43/EEC

11.1 Surface area of the habitat type inside the pSCIs, SCIs and SACs network <i>(In km² in biogeographical/marine region including all sites where the habitat is present)</i>	a) Minimum	250
	b) Maximum	350
	c) Best single value	–
11.2 Type of estimate	Best estimate	
11.3 Surface area of the habitat type inside the network Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data	
11.4 Short-term trend of habitat area within the network Direction	uncertain	

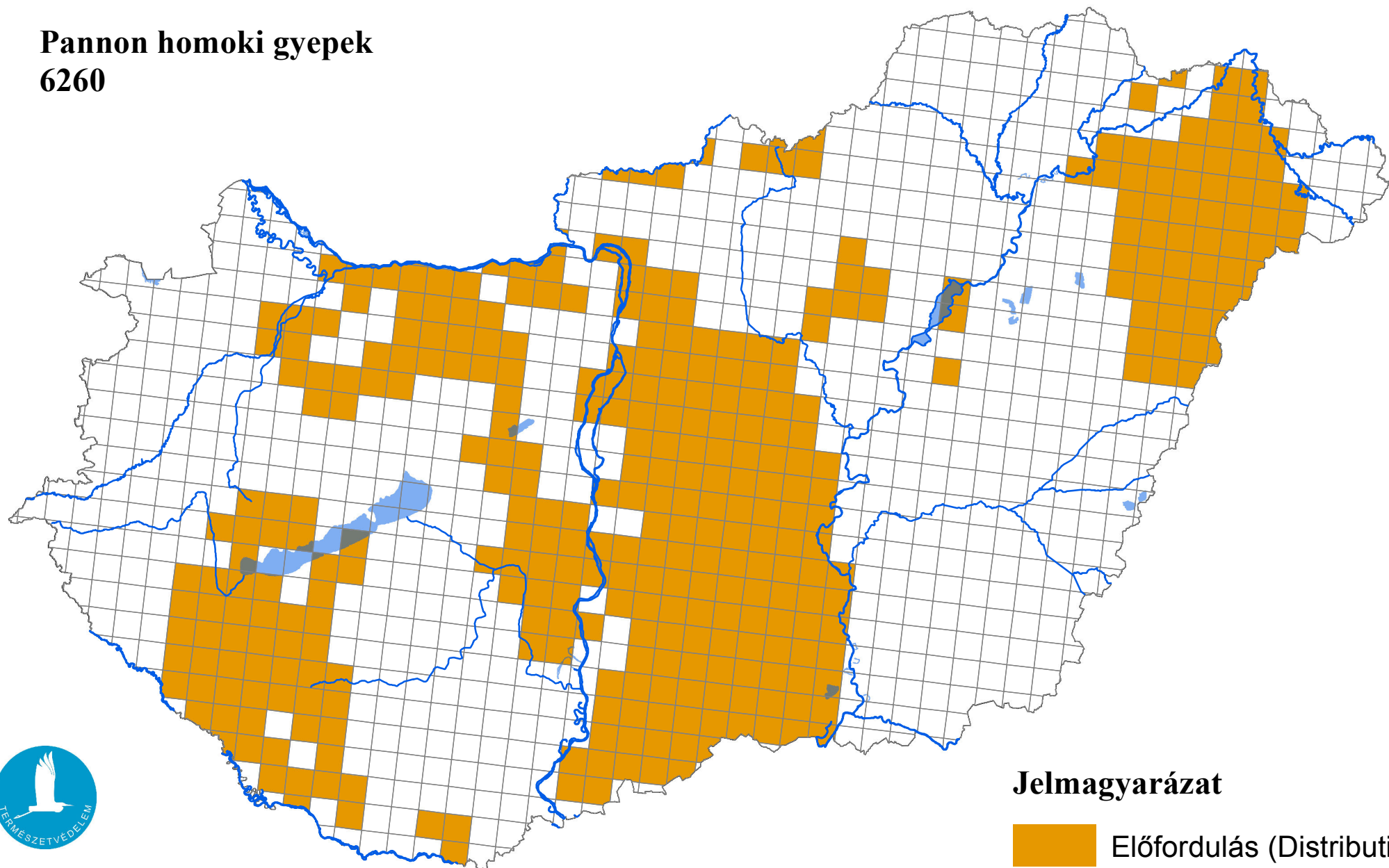
11.5 Short-term trend of habitat area within the network Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
11.6 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition within the network Direction	uncertain
11.7 Short-term trend of habitat area in good condition within network Method used	Based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data
11.8 Additional information (Optional)	–

12. COMPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

12.1 Justification of % thresholds for trends (Optional)	–
12.2 Other relevant information (Optional)	–

Az élőhelyvédelmi irányelv 17. cikke szerinti országjelentés, 2025

Pannon homoki gyepek 6260



Forrás: Agrárminisztérium,
Természetmegőrzési Főosztály

Jelmagyarázat

 Előfordulás (Distribution)

0 25 50 Kilometers